Daily Constitution.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, JULY 17.

THE Atlanta WEEKLY CONSTITUTION has been much improved by a new dress of type and a new make-up. We give it congratulation on the lively change.—*Summerville Gazette.*

THE Georgia railroad company is inflating the currency to the extent of $168,009, in the shape of a dividend to its stockholders. Fully one third of this amount was paid out Thursday, the first day of payment.

THE Albany board of trade have made arrangements for an extension of the Brunswick railroad from the junction to East Albany, near the foot of Tift's bridge. The work is to be completed in sixty days. The News thinks it will increase the cotton receipts of the city to 40,000 bales, and give life to all her industries.

LOUISIANA is greatly elated over the production of the first bale of this year's crop. It is the first time that the valley has beaten the Rio Grande section. Last year the respective dates were July 18 and August 12; in 1873, they were July 10 and August 1, and in 1872, July 17 and August 4. This year the Mississippi valley beats the Rio Grande one day.

THE officers of the national grange shake off the dust of Washington from their feet to-day. They leave the impure atmosphere, with all their baggage, to establish the headquarters of the organization in Louisville. Next week will find the chief officers snugly and comfortably located in Kentucky's commercial capital.

THE Sparta Times and Planter's famous quagmire fiction comes back to us in the columns of the New York Sun, credited to the San Francisco Bulletin. The bereaved Myrap reappears, and so does the fathomless swamp of the gingham bonnet, all in Boggs county, Georgia. The pathetic story has now crossed the continent twice, and will probably take a rest preparatory to duty across the Atlantic.

JUDGE MCDUFFIE, of Telfair, nominates Mr. Alexander McEachin, of that county, for governor. This nomination is based on his patriotic and practical services to his state and section. "He has been house-keeping over thirty years, and has not bought a bushel of corn or a pound of bacon during that time, but, on the other hand, has had plenty to sell." Such services dwarf the merits of the average political windmill into insignificance.

THE negroes of Hancock and Washington counties, are determined that the present heated term shall not entirely destroy all political agitation. They have issued a call for a "national convention." This movement is regarded with some seriousness by the Augusta papers, but it is probably a matter of music, red feathers, and white waistband, "come down to the ground." We publish the entire call, and leave our readers to judge of its dangers:

There will be a national convention of the republican party, held on Saturday, July 24th, 1875, at Sandersville, Washington Co Ga No 13 Station C. R. R for the purpose of nominating some proper person as a military General of the second District of Georgia to be commissioned by the Governor of the State, and also appoint a county chairman of the executive committee of each county in the State of Ga. to send 35 delegates with a ligal credential to represent thire counties and cast their Ballard for said a nomination. That Hon. James M. Smith be requested to order an election in the Second distric of Ga. and we Respectfully ask all the Gentlemen to wear the Blue military Summer Drissing, with a white waist band around their waist come down to the ground, and a red feather in their hats, and each company shall carry the band of music, and the procession shall s'art from the C. R. to the county site, Sandersville. By Hon. General P. R. Rivers, from Aiken county, South Carolina.

We invite 19 counties to be Present.

CANDIA HARRIS, Sec'y.

Washington Co., Sandersville, Georgia. June 28, 1875.

A Sad Incident.

A very touching incident occurred on Friday night on the Erie railway, affording a striking illustration of the terrible trials to which poverty subjects its victims. A German family, consisting of father, mother and two little children had taken passage at Chicago for Hamburg, Germany. They came out from Hamburg last year to settle in America, but failing to find employment, had invested the last dollar in a ticket for home. One of the children was taken quite sick soon after leaving Chicago, and in spite of every attention the circumstances afforded the little sufferer died in the cars twenty miles beyond Corning.

The parents had no money to defray the expenses of burial, and the steamer on which they had taken passage was to sail next day. And so, after a hurried consultation with passengers and with the conductor, they left the dead child in the car which stopped at Corning, and were transferred to the train to connect with the steamer. The anguish of the parents cannot even be imagined, but they knew not what else to do. There was no money to seek aid; the train must go on; they had no time to pay funeral expenses or to provide for their own wants under delay, and so they tore themselves away from the corpse of their child and left it to the tender mercies of the authorities.—*New York Sunday News.*

An Incident of the Detroit Tornado.

A News reporter met a little fellow toddling along with a woe-begone countenance which betokened the loss of all his earthly possessions, including his relatives, and curiosity prompted the reporter to question the boy concerning the cause of his grief. In reply the little fellow said:

"I wouldn't tare nossin tall about it if the wind hadn't blowed my poor pussy away. When I see the winds tummin I looked for my pussy and she was on the fence just a holdin' on, an' lookin' as cross and scaret like there was a big dog tummin. Den dere was a big cloud of dust tum slong and my pussy leggo, and went a sailin' off in de air like she had wings, and her tail was as big as my arm."

A Chance Nugget.

[Grass Valley (Cal.) Union.]

Yesterday afternoon, Albert Shepherd, who resides near Walsh street, in the western and highest part of the town, made a nice little find. He was walking out of his lot, and when toward the rear thereof, being in a meditative mood, he cast his eyes toward the ground. Something in the pathway glittered, and that something was gold. He stooped down and picked up the gold. It was a chunk that weighed in the neighborhood of $375, and as a specimen is worth more than that sum. Shepherd has walked over that specimen a thousand times, but had always heretofore held his head up. Look at the ground you are walking upon, young man.

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

By W. A. Hemphill & Co. ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 18, 1875 Vol. VIII—No 28.

By Telegraph

—TO—

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

Whisky Ring Indictments.

A Statue of Lord Byron.

Foreign News.

The Whiskey Ring.

ST. LOUIS, July 17.—The grand jury presented three more indictments of parties connected with the whisky ring. Names withheld.

Minister Schneck.

LONDON, July 17.—Minister Schneck has gone to Sweeden and Norway for two months. Col. Hoffman remains in charge of the litigation.

The Carlists Retreating.

MADRID, July 17.—The Carlists under Perula are retreating up the Amezcuai mountains toward Estella, pursued by Gens. Quesada, Tello, and Loma.

An Explanation.

LONDON, July 17.—The Prussian naval authorities explain the presence of a Prussian vessel, off Jutland. She was taking soundings previous to towing the dredge to Wilhelm Shofen.

Balloon Ascension.

CHICAGO, July 17.—The balloon with Prof. Donaldson and a reporter of the Evening Journal was seen thirty miles north. The basket was dipping water. A schooner turned to help the balloon which re-ascended and moved northward.

The Mountain Meadow Affair.

BEAVER, UTAH, July 17.—Deputy Marshal Cross arrived here with P. Klingen Smith. Cross has been after him since June 25th, and found him San in Bernardino county, Col. When found Smith was willing to come and give all testimony in his possession regarding to the Mountain Meadow affair.

A Libel Suit.

BALTIMORE, July 17.—A suit has been brought in the name of the governor and other officers who compose the board of public works against the American for libel. The American published an article reflecting on the action of the board in the award of the contract for the erection of a house of correction.

Lord Byron's Statue.

LONDON, July 17.—At a meeting yesterday it was resolved to open a public subscription for the erection of a statue of Lord Byron in some conspicuous place in London. M. Disraeli presided. Speeches favoring the project were made by Earl Malmesbury, Earl Stanhope and G. A. Sula. Gen. Wilson stated in behalf of the Americans that they claimed a share in Byron and a right to contribute to his memorial. He was sure his countrymen would furnish a quarter of the ten thousand dollars—the estimated cost.

A Curious Case.

NEW YORK, July 17.—A curious case, involving the constitutionality of the smended postage law, has been brought into the United States court for this district: A gentleman having offered a book for mail transmission from this city to Philadelphia with the postage at the old rate affixed, it was refused by the postmaster, and he has brought suit to compel the postmaster to receive the package.

The argument of the applicant is that the sundry appropriation bill, into which the amendment increasing the rate on third class mail matter was inserted, was not a bill for raising revenue, but that the amendment does provide ways and means for raising revenue; that the senate has no constitutional authority to provide means for that purpose, that being the sole prerogative of the house: that the postal amendment having originated with the senate, and grafted on a bill which was one for revenue purposes, it was unconstitutional.

AGRICULTURAL.

No family should be without a few bee hives. The Italian bees are best for honey, and are most amiable.

Let every granger begin this summer to improve the breed of his cattle, sheep, hogs and poultry. It pays well.

The total receipts of the national grange for the year 1874 were $216,381. The expenses of the executive committee were $42,198 11.

Arkansas has a "grange land and immigration company," located at Little Rock, for the purpose of advancing the material interests of that state.

Don't forget to sow plenty of turnips between the 20th of July and the 15th of August. They pay well. Mixed seed of summer and winter is best.

Indiana and Missouri now lead Iowa in the number of granges—Indiana having 2,025, Missouri 2,023 and Iowa 2,002.

County granges confer the 5th degree on all their members, but may, if they choose, work in the 4th degree, and allow a subordinate member, "husbandman," or "matron" to be present through courtesy.

Educate your children and teach them to read the newspapers and keep posted in all the commercial, agricultural and political matters of the world; then they will feel the equals of other men, and always be independent.

The "thinking farmer" everywhere is beginning to prosper, and the information spread through the grange is working wonders, as shown in the superior tilth of land and preservation of the farms and cozy appearance of the homestead.

REMEDY FOR THE HOG CHOLERA.

Madder, one pound; saltpeter, one pound; sulphur, one pound; resin, one pound; black antimony, one-half pound; asafœtida, two ounces. Dose in case of sickness, four tablespoonfuls for five hogs, once a day. Once a week as a preventive. Mix in Slop.—*Rural New Yorker.*

HOW TO HAVE GOOD EGGS.

There is a vast difference in the flavor of eggs. Hens fed on clear, sound grain and kept on a clean grass run, give much finer flavored eggs than hens that have access to stable and manure heaps, and eat all kinds of filthy food. Hens feeding on fish and onions flavor their eggs accordingly, the same as cows' eating onions or cabbage, or drinking offensive water, imparts a bad taste to the milk and butter. The richer the food the higher the color of the eggs. Wheat and corn give eggs the best color, while feeding on buckwheat makes them colorless, rendering them unfit for some confectionery purposes.—*Moore's Rural New Yorker.*

HOGS WANT SULPHUR.

Whether hogs require sulphur as an essential to their health, or whether it is sought by them as a condiment, may not be discovered. But one thing is true, they devour it with greed, whenever it is to be found. It is for this purpose, very probably, that they can eat large quantities of soft coal, which contains a large amount of sulphur. Perhaps this is the most economical method of supplying hogs with sulphur during the winter, when they require a good deal of carbon. But in summer, it is better to feed it to them in substances which contain less carbon, on account of their producing less heat. Mustard is one of the best things for this purpose, and some of it should be sown in every pasture into which hogs are turned.

SMALL FARMS IN FAVOR.

The New York Bulletin says that there seems to be a marked tendency among California farmers to abandon the old ranch system, by which immense tracts of land were overrun and but partially occupied without tilling or improvements, under the ownership and management of one party, and to sub divide them into small farms. This is but the natural result of enhanced value of farming land, and is what has always occurred in the progress and development of new countries. Yet, its application to California will mark a new era in the farming industries of the Pacific coast. The usual causes have forced this step; for, in addition to the enhanced lost of land, it is found to be so much more profitable to till and cultivate as well in California as elsewhere. In other words, the same amount of labor and capital thus expended return greater interest on the outlay than when made in the old way upon the ranch system. It is even admitted that the grazing industries of that state find it more profitable also to adopt the same system, and already it is said that the immense flocks of sheep are beginning to disappear, as have the great herds of cattle that formerly roamed over the unoccupied and even unowned plains of the state.

A REMARKABLE ANIMAL.

Old "Romp," of Jackson, Aged 51 Years—The Oldest Horse Known to the Present Generation.

[Jackson (Mich.) Patriot.]

Undoubtedly the most remarkable horse in the world—at least so far as age is concerned—is now owned in this city. He was foaled in the town of Clarence, Erie county, N. Y., the property of Col. Cronk, at the time a large breeder of rare horses, in June, 1824, and is consequently 51 years old. We have obtained the following interesting history of this venerable animal:

The sire of "Romp," for that was the name given at his birth, was the race horse Dragon, who was noted as a winner at all distances. The dam of "Romp" was an imported English mare, taken at the battle of Lundy's Lane, in 1812, from an English officer, and purchased by Col. Cronk and kept on his farm for breeding purposes. In the spring of 1827 the colt "Romp," then three years old, was purchased of Col. Cronk by P. L. Carter of this city, and broken by him for a race horse. In his trials he proved to be a very fast runner.

In the autumn of 1827 Mr. Carter made a match to run Romp against a horse that was traveling through the village of Alexandria, Genesee county, N. Y., for $500. The horses started in the race, but before the close of the mile Romp stepped on a rolling stone and broke his near ankle, which so disabled him that he could not finish the race. Mr. Carter, disgusted with the whole affair of losing his horse and the race looked about for some person to kill the animal and put an end to his misery. A farmer in the neighborhood offered to take the horse home, on account of his remarkable symmetery and beautiful points, and pay Mr. Carter $10 for him, and try and cure his broken limb. The purchase being made, the horse was placed in a sling obtained in a blacksmith's shop near by, such as was used for shoeing oxen, the bones of the ankle put in place as well as could be, and in two years he was well enough to do ordinary work on a farm.

Mr. Carter retained the interest he at first manifested in the recovery of his favorite animal, and frequently visited him while he remained in New York. In 1836 Mr. Carter moved to this city, where he now resides. In his various visitings to his old home in New York, he always paid his old favorite a visit, until the year 1854, when he found that he had been sold to come west, and he lost track of him. In the fall of 1858, however, he saw the old horse in the southern part of this county, and immediately bought him and brought him to his own home in this city. After using him in a buggy for two years, and the horse getting a little clumsy on account of his stiff ankle, he sold him to Mr. A. J. Henderson, who put him into a team for hauling coal from the coal mines in Spring Arbor in this city, a distance of four miles. In this coal wagon he has worked every day (Sundays excepted) for fifteen years. The usual weight of a load of coal is a little more than two tons, and this horse has been half of the team, without the loss of a single day or losing a single meal by sickness or any other cause, and has seen six good young horses die, one after the other, in trying to mate him in his daily round of labor.

The circumstances of the identity and history of this animal are such that they cannot be mistaken. First, Mr. Carter is a man who is never mistaken about any horse he has ever owned or taken an interest in. His individuality in this regard is beyond dispute with every person who knows him. Then the testimony of his nephew, who is a superior horseman, and who knows the horse well, and who was living with Mr. Carter at the time of the accident, and the year the purchase was made is easily proven; and also by the bill of sale and diary of Mr. Carter, made June, 1827, and the affidavit of the nephew, who went to live with Mr. Carter in the autumn of 1827, at the death of his father, which occurred that year. Then the marks of the broken ankle are to be seen to-day as plainly as they were shortly after the accident took place.

The peculiar make of the horse, his very long and round barrel, his uncommonly high withers, his whole countenance and face denotes high breeding, and the gray stripe running from the off eye to the near nostril, are so peculiar that it is impossible for the witnesses to be mistaken. As this horse is so much older than any other horse ever known, we have been thus particular in stating all these facts to the public. Every horseman will be satisfied of the truth of this statement by examining his mouth—which is almost destitute of teeth—while those that remain present an appearance (to use a jockey phrase) of his having "lived in Noah's ark."

If any person doubts the philosophy of breeding blooded horses, and that they have more desirable and lasting qualities, besides being longer lived, they had better take a look at this most remarkable animal, without a puff or a windgall on his limbs, fifty-one years old.

This horse having come under the observation of a noted horseman in this city, he determined to get possession of him, and consequently purchased him a few days since. For the purpose of demonstrating the importance of breeding from imported blooded stock in order to obtain superior qualities of speed, endurance and vitality, he will be exhibited, making a general tour of the country.

—Informal dancing has been done nightly at all the hotels for a week, but the first regular ball of the season was given at the West End, Long Branch, last Saturday evening. There were plenty of people and gorgeous dressing. The great parlor was overcrowded. Simultaneously the horsemen were congreted at the pool sales in the bar-room. Thus the social and sporting interests were concentrated, for one night at least, under the same roof—and a great many of the men neglected neither, but alternated from waltz to betting with assidous regularity

COURTING.

Boys, when you court
You should depot
Yourselves with circumspection,
It is a sin
To seek to win
And trifle with affection.

Nor, when sincere
The men appear
In gallantry and wooing,
Can woman jilt
Without the guilt
Of similar misdoing.

Too many court
In thoughtless sport,
Nor think, when they have parted,
On what they've done—
The loving one
Left courted, broken hearted.

Too many jilt
With equal guilt,
Nor think, while thus they trifle,
That men have hearts
To feel love's darts,
Though they their feelings stifle.

In all we do
We should be true,
Nor raise an expectation,
Unless 'tis meant,
To full extent,
To meet the obligation.

KEELY'S MACHINE.

The First Accurate Description of its Construction.

Mode of Generating and Applying the Motor.

[From the Philadelphia Times.]

Cheap production is one of the absolute needs and demands of the age. The nation and people that produce at the minimum rate will command the maximum share of the trade of the world, for the very certain reason that cheap production is followed by cheap sales, and commands the markets of all countries at all times. In order to produce cheap, a nation must have cheap labor, or its equivalent in mechanical force. In early ages all work was hand-work. There was no other power used. Then came the employment of animals. Then water was put in a condition to aid man as a motor, and that was followed by the erection of mills to be driven by wind. But the great aid to the progress of the labor department of the world was steam. That produced a revolution of the most vital character. One small engine was equivalent to the labor of scores of men, and the cost of running such a machine was comparatively trifling when compared with the pay of the men represented by its fruits. But as the price of fuel advanced, the cost of steam as a motor or driving power increased with even pace, and thoughtful men began to inquire whether some other combination of elements could not be discovered which would produce more power than steam, and at a less price to the producing community. That was a most important problem to be solved. The whole industrial world was anxious to arrive at some practical conclusions upon this point. After years of experiments in relation to this matter, both in the United States and Europe, John W. Keely, a native of Chester county, a machinist by profession, claims to have hit upon the great secret and put it in a practical shape. His motor is a vapor of immense presure, which is created from a small quantity of water with a certain admixture of air. And this vapor or motor is produced by simple mechanical means, through the instrumentality of a device invented by him and called a multiplicator. There is no heat, electricity, galvanism or chemical substance used, only air and water, and these manipulated in the contrivance of Mr. Keely. The multiplicator is a series of iron chambers, of cylindrical form, connected by pipes and furnished by cocks and valves. It is about thirty six inches high, twenty-four inches long and thirteen inches wide, and has a capacity of seven gallons. At a distance of eight feet from the multiplicator is a cylindrical wrought iron reservoir, six inches in diameter and forty inches long. This is connected with the multiplicator by a one-inch pipe. A stand-pipe of brass, about two and a half inches in diameter and three feet high, having a spherical chamber at the bottom made in two parts, is connected to the pipe uniting the multiplicator and a reservoir. The multiplicator is also connected with a register of force, at twelve feet distance, by a pipe one tenth of an inch inside diameter. This register of force consists of a piston of one square inch area, pressed down in a cylinder by a lever. A small beam engine stands about six feet from the apparatus, and a hydrant cock connects the whole with the water main from which a supply is obtained. This is a description of the machine by which Mr. Keely generates and develops his new motor. Now as to the operation and power of the contrivance. At the test exhibition of a machine of the size described, the inventor proceeded to make an "expulsion," that is to develop a force or pressure from the multiplicator that would raise the weight on a force lever previously prepared, or in other words, to exert a pressure of 1,430 36 pounds to the square inch upon the valve register piston, which, as before stated, was connected by a tube of one-tenth of an inch bore with the multiplicator. This was done by disconnecting the gutta-percha tube, which led from the hydrant cock to the multiplicator, and blowing from his lungs for a brief time into the nozzle upon the multiplicator, to which this gutta-percha tube had been connected. A cock was then shut upon the nozzle, which closed its communication with the atmosphere, the gutta percha tube reconnected, and the water from the hydrant turned upon the multiplicator. This operation can be completed by other means. But this is the most simple. The operation was completed in about two minutes after the attachments to the hydrant had been made, by simultaneously opening two cocks upon tubes which connect the first and second drums and the second and lower drums of the multiplicator, when the lever and weight of the force register were raised by the piston. There was no measurable interval of time between the turning of the cock and the raising of the weight. The first propulsion raised the weights about two and a half inches. This power, it is claimed, can be increased to almost any given quantity to the square inch, and thus its value enhanced as a driving motor. It is said that one peculiarity of this vapor is that it can be used to the best advantage when at a very high pressure per square inch, and that little or no danger is to be apprehended from employing it in such a high state of force. In this respects it differs from steam and all other moving forces and agencies. In order to attach an engine to this manufactory of force or power, a short tube, carrying upon its ends a reaction wheel, having two arms about two and a half inches long, with open ends turned in reverse directions, so as to be revolved by the reaction of an escaping fluid, is screwed upon the end of the reservoir, and put in motion by the manipulation of the two cocks upon the generating depot or multiplicator. Then the connection is complete. In order to reduce the immense pressure of this motor to the volume necessary to run an ordinary engine, it can be supplied through a feed pipe of any dimension required, from the size of a pipe-stem to an eighth of an inch or more in diameter. A ten-horse power engine, it is claimed, can be supplied with a pipe of the bore of a knitting-kneedle, as a tenth of a pint of the motor vapor will be equal to all the driving power required. The presentation of the case in this manner will enable the public to see how important the new motor will be, if it comes fully up to all those points that are claimed for it by those who have witnessed the manipulation of the machine by the inventor. If even a portion of the merits claimed for the discovery are put in a practical shape they will totally change the whole motive and driving power of the world. In the first place the new motor will be costless, except for machinery and one or two men to attend to it when in use. The multiplicator takes up but small space, and the beam engine is by no means bulky. Coal need not be carried by ocean steamers, except in limited quantities, and the space thus emptied could be filled by paying freight. The trifling weight of the Keely vapor motor would also adapt it to the use of street railroads. All these remarks are predicated upon what is claimed for the Keely motor. We have presented these claims in a fair manner, for an idea of such commanding significance in connection with the trade, traffic, commerce and manufactures of the world as to demand a full and patient investigation of the subject.

That there are other motors than these now in use hidden in the vast storehouse of nature is beyond question. Steam was discovered at a certain point and applied to common use. But that did not exhaust the supply in the same direction. Other combinations of element yet remain, and it is the province of scientific men and inventors to reap that field and gather the sheaves into the common granary of the every day world. In the meantime, while deception should be guarded against and prevented by all proper means, care should be taken not to let prejudice or preconceived ideas blind the judgment or stop the wheels of real, sound, intelligent investigation of all the reasonable claims for improvments that are needed in any of the great forces and agencies of the world. The more movements in that direction the better. Many of them may be bottomless when tested by keen-eyed, practical men, but if one succeeds, as in the case of steam, the world will be amply repaid for the time spent in examining claims of a visionary character.

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THE CONSTITUTION

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THE CONSTITUTION

SUMMER RESORTS.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
ADAIRSVILLE, BARTOW COUNTY, GEORGIA

Large three story brick building. Rooms large and airy. Is located 69 miles north of Atlanta, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, in the most healthy portion of the South. Will receive 25 or 30 visitors for the summer, at $25 00 per month. Fine Chalybeate water close by.

JOHN C. MARTIN,
june4—dtf Proprietor.

THE CALHOUN HOTEL.

This splendid Hotel having been recently repaired and furnished, is now open for the accommodation of the traveling public. It is located in Calhoun, a beautiful town, 80 miles north of Atlanta, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad. Good water and pure mountain breeze. No expense will be sparded to make guests comfortable and at home. Great inducements offered to pleasure seekers, MRS. A. I. SKELLY,
june4—dtf Proprietress

RICHMOND HOUSE, NEAR DEPOT, and Branch House on Public Square, GAINESVILLE, GA. The Great Summer Resort for health. Clean and comfortable beds, good and bountiful fare, prompt and polite attention. Free transportation for guests and baggage to either house on the Street Cars. Rates of Board, per month, $30; per day, $2; single meal, 50 cents.

HUNT & BRO., Proprietors,
Formerly of Southwest Georgia.
may2—dtf

Executor's Sale.

WILL be sold on the first Tuesday in September next, before the Court House door, in the town of Summerville, Chattooga county, Georgia, between the legal hours of sale, four hundred and forty acres of the first quality of land. This land is 20 miles southwest of Dalton on the road to Jacksonville, Alabama, and 25 miles northwest of Rome, on big Armuchee creek, which affords 100 acres of first quality bottom land, 50 acres of which is in a fine state of cultivation, and if properly cultivated, will produce from 35 to 40 bushels of corn per acre. The other 50 acres in the woods, finely timbered. There is 200 acres of upland of the first quality, now in cultivation and in good repair, and perhaps one of the best cotton farms west of the Chattahoochee river; the remainder in the woods and finely timbered. There are on the premises a very good dwelling and good outbuildings, and three other houses for tenants, a good peach and apple orchard and very little waste land. Perhaps this is one of the best farms in Northwestern Georgia.

This land is sold in lots, one of 200 acres, the other 100 acres, and the other 80 acres.

This land is sold as the property of William Brown, late of said county, deceased, for a division amongst the heirs. Terms of sale will be half the purchase money cash, the other half twelve months credit with interest at ten per cent. from date, which may be paid with a discount of ten per cent. for the cash. July 13, 1875.

WESLEY SHROPSHIRE,
ul]y15—d1awtd Executor.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATLANTA HOUSES.

CONSTITUTION JOB OFFICE.

BROAD STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

A. J. DELBRIDGE,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,
Puts up work with a guarantee of fitting and giving satisfaction,
No. 6 JAMES' BANK BLOCK,
WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, GA
Work forwarded to any place by Express, or as may be desired. may11—d

LAWYERS.

DANIELS, PRINTUP, ATTORNEY AT Law, Rome, Georgia. Will practice in the United States and Superior Courts of the State. may2, 1875—dly

LOCHRANE & MILLEDGE, ATTORneys at Law, Atlanta, Georgia. The undersigned have formed a copartnership for the practic of law, in all its branches, in the several Courts of this State. Office, corner Fryor and Decatur streets, opposite Kimball House. Office hours, from 9 to 1, and 2:30 to 5:30. O. A. LOCHRANE,
may9-dtf JNO. MILLEDGE.

MATT. H. SANDWICH, ATTORNEY at Law. Thomaston, Georgia. Commercial collections. Practices in the Courts of Georgia. May 8, 1875—dly

WM. B. GUERRY. DUPONT GUERRY
GUERRY & SON, ATTORNEYS AT Law and Solicitors in Equity, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Superior Courts of Sumter, Schley, Macon, Dooley, Lee, Terrell, Webster and Marion counties; in the Supreme Court of Georgia and the United States Courts at Savannah. dec18, '74—dlyr

L. T. DOWNING, ATTORNEY AND Solicitor. Practicing in the State Courts of the Chattahoochee Circuit, Georgia, and in the United States Courts. Also, United States Commissioner and Register in Bankruptcy. Office, over Brooks' drug store, Columbus, Georgia. mar10,'75—d12m

JAMES A. HARLEY, ATTORNEY AT Law, Sparta, Ga. aug9—dly

HENRY L. PATTERSON, ATTORNEY at Law, Cumming, Forsyth county, Georgia. Will practice in all the Courts of the Blue Ridge Circuit, except Cobb. Special attention given to looking after Wild Lands and to the collection of claims. apr11, 1875—d12m

DUNCAN H. BURTS, ATTORNEY AT Law, Columbus, Georgia. Will practice in the Superior Courts of the Chattahoochee Circuit, the Supreme Court of the State, and the United States at Savannah. mar10,'75—d6m

T. J. LUMPKIN, ATTORNEY AT Law, Rising Fawn, Georgia. Will practice in the counties of Catoosa, Chattooga, Dade and Walker. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims. Refers, by permission, to Larkin Payne, Rising Fawn, Ga.; Rev. S. Cross, Rising Fawn, Ga.; A. D. Ditman, New York City, N. Y.; W. P. Rathburn, President First National Bank, Chattanooga, Tennessee.

WM. A. TIGNER, ATTORNEY AT Law. Jonesboro, Georgia, Office in D'Vaughn's building, up-stairs. Will practice in the counties of Clayton, Henry and Fayette. jan16, '75—d1y

W. S. JOHNSON. ATTORNEY AT Law. Calhoun, Georgia. Office on west side Wall street, 60 yards southwest of the court house. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. June 5, 1875—d12m

B. M. TURNER. A. A. MURPHEY
TURNER & MURPHEY, ATTORNEYS at Law, Barnesville, Georgia. Refer to the Barnesville Savings Bank; Powell & Murpheys; Stafford, Blalock & Co.; W. R. Murphey & Co., Barnesville, Ga.; and Farley, Powell & Co., Savannah, Georgia. jan13, '75—d1y

J. A. ANSLEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections. oct15,'75-d1y

J. A. HUNT, ATTORNEY AT Law, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties of the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court and in the United States District Courts at Atlanta. aug19, '74—d1y

ROBERT B. TRIPPE, ATTORNEY AT Law, Cartersville, Georgia. Office (with Abda Johnson) in Court House. Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him, in any locality of Northern Georgia, whether contiguous to or distant from the railroad. sep25, 1874—d1y

J. L. JANES, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Dawson, Georgia. Will practice in the Pataula and Albany Circuits. Elsewhere by special contract. Refer to Col. E. Y. Clarke, Hon. O. A. Lochrane, Rev. E. W. Warren. apr4,'57—d6m

BENJ. W. BARROW. HENRY W. BARROW.
BARROW & BARROW, LAWYERS, Milledgeville, Georgia. Will practice the Courts of Middle Georgia, and attend regularly the courts of Hancock, Washington, Wilkinson and Putnam. January 1, 1875—d1yr

H. P. LUMPKIN, ATTORNEY AT Law, LaFayette, Walker county, Georgia. Will pay prompt attention to the collection of claims and all business entrusted to his care in the several Courts for the counties of Walker, Catoosa, Chattooga, Dade, Floyd, Gordon and Whitfield. Refers, by permission, to W. A. Hemphill & Co., Proprietors Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.; John H. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Hon. C. D. McCutchen, Judge Superior Court, Cherokee Circuit, Dalton; Ga., Hon. J. W. H. Underwood, Judge Superior Court, Rome Circuit, Rome, Georgia. mar26, 1875—d6m

DENTISTS.

DR. S. G. HOLLAND, Dentist, formerly of Augusta, Ga., has permanently located at No. 50 North Proad, junction of Luckie and Peachtree streets, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. jan 11—tf

DR. E. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlain & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. jan 7—dtf

D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, No. 47 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga

JEWELERS.

WILLIAM BOLLMAN, DEALER IN Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, etc., Spectacles and Eye Glasses. No. 9 Whitehall street, near Railroad Crossing, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing done in good style and warranted. may18

LADD'S ALKALINE FERTILIZER. TRADE MARK. ATLANTA GEORGIA.

None Genuine except this Brand is on the barrel. A. C. LADD, Agent.
oct18—dtf No. Broad St., Atlanta.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOARD.

COOL, airy, pleasant rooms, with FIRST CLASS Board, in a private family, can be had at 61 West Mitchell street. The location is as high as any in Atlanta, one minutes' walk from ATLANTA HEALING SPRINGS, five minutes' walk of Passenger Depot. Day Board can also be had at the same place. july16—dlm

One Barrel Gum Camphor,

PRESSED in small blocks, for retailing.
HUNT RANKIN & LAMAR,
july11—dtf Wholesale Druggists.

Valuable Hotel Property FOR RENT.

THE subscriber wishes to rent, for one or more years, that excellent Brick Hotel, in the city of LaGrange, better known as the "SIMS HOUSE." This house is large and capacious, having a nice verandah in front, and thirty-three well ventilated Bed Rooms. It has been thoroughly repaired and newly painted. Any party wishing to embark in the business would do well to give him a call. Terms reasonable.
JESSE MCLENDON,
may26—dtf LaGrange, Ga.

The Daily Constitution

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
Office: 36 Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

TERMS:

DAILY, One Year.....$10 00
" Six Months..... 5 00
WEEKLY, One Year..... 3 00
" Six Months..... 1 00
Postage for one year, on Daily, 60 cents; Weekly, 15 cents.

☞ Subscription and Postage must be paid in advance. When postage is not remitted, a deduction in time will be made sufficient to cover postage.

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Length of Square Ten Lines.	1 w'k	2 w'ks	3 w'ks	4 w'ks
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Three Squares..	9.00	16.50	22.00	26.50
Four Squares...	11.00	20.00	27.00	33.00
Five Squares....	13.00	23.00	31.50	39.00
Six Squares.....	14.50	26.50	35.50	44.00
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Advertisements inserted three times a week, one-fourth off the table rates; two times a week, one half off the table rates; once a week, $1 per square, each insertion. Weekly, $1 per square, each insertion.

Theatres, Shows, Minstrel Companies and such like amusements, $1 per square for first insertion, and 75 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of any kind in "Preferred Locals" 25 cents per line each insertion. "City Locals" (in brevier) 20 cents per line, each insertion; in "Local and Business," 15 cents per line, each insertion. "Captions" are counted as two lines. A line is estimated at 6 words. Contract rates reasonable. TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS must be paid in advance.

LIFE INSURANCE.

GILT-EDGE LIFE INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT
Mutual Life Insurance Comp'y,
— OF —
HARTFORD, CONN.,
— IS THE —
Strongest Insurance Institution of the World,
And offers first-class Life Insurance. Its Assets are over
FORTY MILLIONS!
ITS SURPLUS IN 1874 WAS NEARLY
FOUR MILLIONS.
Rate of Expenses of management to receipts
8.06 Per Cent.
It Only Paid $68,088 of Salaries in 1874.
In every element of Solid Life Insurance it is the
Grand Company of the World!
In the splendid business solidity and sagacity of its investments it stands ahead of all Companies in the world. It has among its Assets
Twenty-five Millions of Dollars!
Loaned, and not a dollar is invested in Houses, but only on half the value of the land.
This Secures Absolute Stability and Certainty of Existence.
ITS DIVIDENDS HAVE AVERAGED
30 PER CENT.
IT REINSTATED ALL OF ITS
Confederate Policy Holders!
After the war, thus commending it to Southern men.
THIS GREAT COMPANY HAS DONE BUSINESS FOR
29 YEARS.
ITS INTEREST RECEIPTS NEARLY PAY ITS LOSSES.

JEWETT & ROGERS, Agents, Macon, Georgia.
C. M. CLARK, Agent, Albany, Georgia.
D. F. WILCOX, Agent, Columbus, Georgia.
M. A. OHR, Agent, Savannah, Georgia.
J. J. COHEN & SON, Agents, Augusta, Georgia.

ROBERT R. BREN,
GENERAL AGENT, Savannah, Ga.
COL. I. W. AVERY,
ASSISTANT GENERAL AGENT, Atlanta, Ga.

Office, at Burke, Hancock & Co.'s Wholesale and Retail Book Establishment, 21 Whitehall street, corner of Alabama and Atlanta, Georgia.
may23—d2taw5w—dec02w—d10t

Selling Out. Lightning Peach Pearers
— AND —
Turnip Seeds.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
During Dull Season.

ONE of the oldest and most reliable houses in Atlanta, offer at

New York Cost Prices,

a large variety and best selected stock of

CLOTHING,
Boots

Daily Constitution

PRINTER FOR COUNTY AND CITY.

Judicial Sales, Tax Sales, all Official Proceedings of City and County, published by authority.

The Largest Circulation, City, County and State—Defies Refutation.

General Traveling Agents:
T. M. ACTON. H. H. PARKS

ATLANTA:

SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 18, 1875.

THE latest journalistic enterprise in London is the Obituary, a weekly death list.

IT is reported that Gen. Badeau, United States Consul at London, will succeed the Hon. J. Russell Jones as minister to Belgium.

ODD, isn't it? The grandson of the President of the United States, born only the other day, is a British subject.

SOCIALISM is on the decline in Germany, the number of its adherents having dwindled in a few years from 340,000 to about 25,000.

JOAQUIN MILLER has completed a novel embodying scenes in the golden state. It is called, "In a California Eden."

THE education of woman is considered out of the question in Egypt, as the girls are marriageable at the age of twelve, and there is no time for its completion.

SENATOR BOUTWELL, it is reported, has become calmer on the subject of another rebellion. He thinks now the chances are against it. What a marvelous hindsight the man has!

THE Hon. Reverdy Johnson has been obliged by the warm weather to leave his business in Baltimore to spend the summer on his farm near the city. The heat greatly increased the eye troubles from which he has long suffered.

THE report of the committee appointed to examine the books of Clinton, the defaulting state auditor of Louisiana, developes jobs to the amount of $1,000,000, and leading republican officials are badly implicated.

THE headquarters of the national grange are at Louisville now, and the high-toned Louisvillian buttons his coat about the waist more tightly than ever, and inhales the air and gives his stomach an extra bulge.—[St. Louis Republican.

WE learn by our Pacific coast exchanges that General Joseph Lane is still alive and vigorous. He killed a panther near Roseling about the 1st of July, and delivered an oration on the 5th. Joseph is nearly as old as Bill Allen.

THE Hon. W. S. King delivered the Fourth of July oration at St. Cloud, Minn., and spoke beautifully of his trust in the future prosperity of the country. It is reassuring to learn that he is hopeful, in spite of the "unscrupulous onslaught" of a "licentious press" upon the leading statesmen of the time.

WENDELL PHILLIPS, of Massachusetts, is the complement of John S. Preston in South Carolina. It is best for the old leaders that they remain in honorable privacy. Their words, the words of 1860, are out of time and tune. This is one country; this is one people. We know it and feel it.—Charleston News and Courier.

THE Spanish are taking measures to do tardy justice to the memory of the famous author of Don Quixote. A new literary periodical is soon to be started in Madrid, called Cervantes, the profits of which will be devoted to the erection of a monument at Alcala de Henares, in honor of the man whose name the magazines bears.

THE monument for Edgar Allan Poe's hitherto neglected grave will be completed in October. A small stone half a foot high and three inches square now marks the poet's resting place in the Baltimore graveyard. The new monument will be surmounted by a bust of Poe, which is said to be an accurate likeness.

THE friends of Elihu B. Washburne are urging him for president, as though his state (Illinois) had not already been sufficiently favored in the presidential line. Excepting Johnson's part of the term, that state has had or soon will have had, the presidency for sixteen successive years. Moreover the election of Washburne would practically be a continuation of Grant's power and carrying out of the third term project. Washburne was the means of pushing Grant on, step by step, until he became General-in-chief of the army and then president for two terms, and the election of the president's "next friend" would be the extention, virtually, of the Grant-Galena dynasty.

THE Black Hills that were expected to supply gold enough to pay off the national debt are not "panning out" to suit the hopes of the fortune hunters. "There has not enough gold been found in the Black Hills up to this time to insure the life of the healthiest man at the lowest rates in the United States," is the statement of the correspondent of the New York Tribune at Custar's Gulch. It is further stated that not five dollars worth of gold dust has been taken out of the Gulch in the last three months.

THE "Keely Motor" is a tough lived "humbug." Its genuineness is still persistently maintained not only by Keely himself, but by "scientific men," who have had "fullest opportunities for testing its powers." And now comes forward a Chicago inventor with a rival to Keely's Motor, and says he has progressed far enough to be willing to state that by the combination of air and water he has produced a pressure of 10,000 pounds to the square inch. He, too, has his backers, of course. He is running a race with Keely to reach the patent office first with a model. It is not impossible that the Chicago concern is but a Western branch of the Philadelphia invention and that the newly announced "rivalry" is simply another "invention" to stimulate investments.

GEN. LONGSTREET has the book making fever also. He is now searching the Confederate archives in the treasury department for facts relative to the battle of Gettysburg.

IT seems to be conceded that the southern delegations in congress will name the speaker of the house. They will select a northern man, and the indications are that they will be either Kerr or Randall, with a strong per centage in favor of the former.

THE money, gold and currency, in the vaults of the federal treasury, has been counted and found to tally with the books. The commission is now engaged in counting the bonds deposited by the national banks as security for circulation and public deposits. The entire count will be finished in the fore part of this week.

For the first time in the course of his administration Gov. Smith is allowed access to the books of Henry Clews. Accompanied by Attorney-general Hammond and Dr. Bozeman of the treasury department, he is now in New York, where he will remain until every particle of information relating to Georgia affairs and the transactions of Bullock, is gathered from the coveted books. These books show, among other things, the bonds that were paid by Clews, and will thus settle the question whether any bonds have been twice paid or not.

THE NORTH AND SOUTH ROAD.

The proposed direct line between Columbus and Atlanta is receiving no little attention, especially in Meriwether county. It would supply portions of Coweta, Fayette and Campbell with convenient railroad facilities, and the enthusiasm that pervades Meriwether and Harris will extend northward if the probability of building the line increases. Columbus has already put a large sum of money in the unfinished North and South railroad, and is naturally anxious to secure for it a terminus in Atlanta. In short, everybody on or near the projected road is in favor of its speedy construction, but such good will is not sufficient to build railroads in these times of limited credit.

The road, if built at all, must be graded for cash. Bonds for rails are all that can be negotiated in these post-panic days. If the people along the line will accept a narrow-gauge road, the grading need not cost a sum beyond the surplus means of the country that will be benefitted by it. President Matthews informed the writer that the grading of his road, the Elberton Air-line, only cost nine hundred dollars a mile. The country between East Point and Hamilton is certainly as favorable for the constuction of a railroad as the hilly section that the Elberton road traverses. When built, its operating expenses would be far less. Six tons of dead weight would be saved in every freight car, and they will carry nearly as much. There is no end to the saying, as recent reports of the numerous narrow gauges clearly show. If the projecters of the extension desire to investigate the narrow-gauge system they need not go out of Georgia to find a competent engineer; for what Col. Hulbert does not know about narrow-gauge roads is not worth knowing.

Atlanta wants the road, Columbus wants it, and so does the country between. We hope it will be speedily built. It would greatly increase our cotton trade and other branches of trade. Let Meriwether, Harris and Columbus make the first move, and call on the counties along the northern end of the road to respond. They will not be backward.

TENNESSEE AND BROOKLYN.

Tennessee has just had a case that might have rivalled the great Brooklyn scandal if it had been managed in the same bungling manner. But it was not, and the excitement in connection with it is rapidly subsiding. Bishop McTyeire either had too much native sense, or learned the way from contemplations of the recent great scandal mill, to let the case drag on, exciting suspicions, replies and counter-replies, and finally deluging the country with a filthy flood, full of incalculable injury. He promptly and courageously took the bull by the horns, and before the scandal-mongers had a chance to stir up popular feeling, the offender was brought to trial and suspended from his holy office.

The facts are briefly these: Rev. John W. Hanner, D. D., an old and eccentric preacher of nearly seventy, but one of the ablest and most eminent ministers of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, and the presiding elder of the Murfreesboro district, addressed an indelicate letter to a young lady of twenty, an orphan, residing with her brother at Fosterville. It was an anonymous letter, the signature being "Sad but True." The letter has never been published. It is capable of two constructions, but the weight of evidence is decidedly against the aged Hanner. The letter was inclosed in an envelope that bore the advertisement of the Methodist publishing house, and her brother, thinking it was a dun for a subscription to the Christian Advocate, opened it, and the trouble began. This was on the 26th day of last month. The local minister took the letter to Bishop McTyiere, who came right down to Fosterville, and on the 29th ult., or three days after the arrival of the letter, he suspended the guilty elder and named the 8th inst., as the day of his preliminary trial. On the 29th ult., "Sad but True" wrote a letter of apology to the same young lady. At the time appointed the committee of investigation met in Murfresboro, heard the evidence of the young lady—who is confessedly innocent—and of the other witnesses, heard Hanner in his own defence, and on the following day brought in a verdict of guilty—"guilty of immorality in writing a letter to a young lady, apparently designed to corrupt her, and to seduce her from the path of virtue, and couched in terms intimating a readiness to be the instrument of her ruin." Whereupon Bishop McTyiere pronounced the suspension of Hanner from the ministerial office until the next session of the annual conference, which meets in October.

The act was committed on the 26th day of June, and on the 9th day of July the church was relieved of further responsibility and shame on his account. We refer to the case simply to show the difference between the mode of precedure in Tennessee and in Brooklyn. Bishop McTyiere has saved his church from a great scandal, and deserves the thanks of every man who would uphold the religion of the Cross in all its purity and power.

THE GEORGIA BANKS.

As required by law, the governor issued, on the 15th June, his requisition on the banks of this state for their semi-annual returns, stating their respective conditions on the 1st day of July. We learn, on inquiry, that up to this date very few returns have been made to the department, and that some of these do not conform to the laws of this state. This is inexcusable, as the president and cashier have only to turn to page 249, revised code, to ascertain their whole duty under the law. Any remissness, under the circumstances, is well calculated to create suspicion against the delinquent bank; and we would simply suggest, for their own good as well as for the protection of the public, that the officers of these institutions cannot be too careful in the performance of that particular act of duty. We annex an abstract of the law and its penalties, to be found as above:

"It is the duty of the governor, twice in each year, to advertise, for at least two weeks, in a public gazette at the seat of the government, a call upon every banking institution of this state, and branch thereof, to make returns to him, under the oaths of their several presidents and cashiers, of their respective conditions at a time to be specified in such advertisements, and to transmit the same to him within thirty days from said dates.

"Such returns shall embrace:

"1. The names of the presidents and directors, a *list of the stockholders* on the day of the regular weekly meeting of the president and directors next preceding the date of his requisition. The list of stockholders may be given but once a year.

"2. The amount of stock owned by each individual or company, and the amount of money actually paid in on each share.

"3. The amount of bills on other banks of this state, if gold, silver, and bullion in their vaults.

"4. The amount of debts due them, within and without the state, so designating them, which may be denominated specie funds.

"5. The active or running paper, the amounts in suit under protest, and not in suit, clearly stating what amount of all such debts is good, what doubtful, what bad, and what lost.

"6. The amount of bills in circulation, the amount on deposit, and the highest amount due and owing by each bank.

The original oath shall be annexed to said returns, stating them to be pure and true, and moreover, that since the last return, their respective banks, to the best of officials knowledge and belief, have not violated or evaded any obligation imposed by law, either by itself, its officials, or agents.

"The banks are required to *publish their several reports* in some public gazette of this state, at their expense, and on failing to do so, within thirty days, it is the duty of the Governor to make public advertisement of the fact, and to order all collectors of public money to refuse to receive their bills. The Governor shall also publish the *reports*, the cost of which the defaulting banks shall be bound for, as a tax levied, which shall be collected by execution issued by the Comptroller General.

Penalty:—Any bank refusing to make out and return said reports, as required by law, *forfeits and pays to the state a tax of two per cent. per month upon their capital stock*, from the time of such refusal, to be levied and collected by execution at the end of each month, by the comptroller general. * * * *

"Paying may be assigned on such affidavits, and the name of a person signed thereto, authorized to administer an oath, shall be evidence of the swearing."

We have here the duty of bank officers so plainly laid down, that an unintentional error in returns would seem to be impossible. In any event, we take occasion to advise the banks to a strict compliance with the law in *all* its requirements, for to such, we feel quite sure, they will be held by the governor.

MONROE.

Male and Female Institue—Examination, Exhibition, etc.

MONROE, WALTON Co., July 15, 1875.

Editors Constitution: As you doubtless feel a lively interest in everything affecting the weal of the people amongst whom your journal circulates—and to what hamlet of Georgia does not the CONSTITUTION go?—I have thought proper to furnish you, for publication, a brief report of the examination, etc., of the above named school.

To say that the exercises opening on Monday and closing Wednesday, 14th inst., "more than met public expectation" would hardly express the measure of praise due the preceptor and his pupils. That venerable antiquarian, the "oldest inhabitant," says: "I have been attending examinations at Monroe for many years, and I never saw the one just closed surpassed." Your correspondent has yet to hear a dissenting opinion to this high encomium.

On the first day, classes in orthography, reading, arithmetic, geography and English grammar, from the simplest elements up and on through, passed in close searching review—evincing industrious application on the part of the pupils and faithful thorough attention and instruction on the part of the teacher A class in Clark's Analytical grammar is worthy of special mention. The ease and facility with which the several members of this class *diagrammed* the most difficult sentences upon the blackboard, and parsed them upon the chart surpsised and delighted all who witnessed the examination. On the second day classes in Algebra and Latin were subjected to a critical test acquitting themselves with great credit. The manner of the examination, all the way through, was fair and open; and the fewness of mistakes made by any of the pupils is remarkable. Since as I am informed, *only one week was taken for general review*,

Tuesday night the concert and exhibition came off. It was a feast of good things. The music under the management of Mrs. Dr. Galloway herself one of the most gifted in this noblest sweetest sciences—was fully equal to any we ever heard on like occasions. Intermingled with the strains of Orpheus came speeches, compositions and dialogues, humorous and grave, all well rendered eliciting frequent and hearty applause from a large and densely packed audience.

Wednesday morning, 9 o'clock, the literary address was delivered by Rev. Morgan Calloway, D. D., of Oxford Ga. His theme was, "The Beautiful in the Physical, Mental and Moral." The chaste diction, polished rhetoric and graceful, impressive, delivery of the address fully sustained the reputation which the speaker sustains as one of the foremost scholars and orators of the land. At the close of this address, awards of merit were delived by Rev. J. F. Mixon as follows: Scholarships to Misses Lula Sheets and Fannie Wayne, and Masters Marshal Hayes and Johnnie Rodwell, for general proficiency and excellency in its various studies pursued by them during the term. Honorable mention of the following: Misses Fannie Wayne, Annie Davis, Hattie Pendergrass and Annie Stone as the best readers in class No. 1. Miss Mollie Lanier and Willie Snow received a book each, being adjudged the best in reading in class No. 2. In reading class No. 3. Bobbie Pendergrass, and in class No 4. Bobbie Wayne received the prize—a book each. In orthography—dictionary, little Johnnie Rodwell bore off the honors. In 3d spelling class, Willie Camp and Georgia Turner, and in 3d spelling class, Lonnie Wayne received its prizes. To those amongst the little fellows, who had been most orderly during term, the palm was awarded to Master Ramie Hester.

The awards having been made, the only thing then remaining on the programme was the benediction. As the Rev. D. C. F. Timmons the principal of the school, arose to call for this quite an unexpected episode occurred. The pupils of the school, or a number of them, had prepared a box of various articles for presentation to their beloved teachers. The presentation was made by Rev. G. A. Nunnally, of the Baptist church of this place. Although taken by surprise, the Rev. Speakers remarks were humorous and happy in the extreme — as were those of the equally surpised recipient of these tokens of love and regard in reply. The benediction pronounced by Dr. Callaway, the large audience dispersed, pleased, delighted.

Rev. D. C. F. Timmons, the principal of this school is a native of Georgia—a graduate of Emory college, and by his success in his brief career to the present, inspires the hearts of his numerous friends with high hopes as to his great usefulness in the future.

The next term opens the 16th of August.

VIATOR.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—A telegram received at the navy department yesterday from Key West reports 2 deaths, but no new cases.

The postoffice regulations have been modified, so that the custom house officers may examine foreign letters suspected of containing articles liable to duty. The suspected letters shall be held, the person to whom addressed notified and the letter opened by him in presence of the custom house officers.

A dispatch from various authorative sources deny the presence of the yellow fever at Norfolk.

Capt. S. C. Cushing succeeds Col. D. D. Kelburn as commissary of subsistence for the department of the south.

By Telegraph

—TO:—

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

Indians on the War-Path.

Arrest of a Railroad Robber.

Prof. Donaldson and His Balloon Lost.

Arrest of Waddy Thompson.

Foreign Intelligence.

Fire.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Lewis Shultze's furniture factory on Milwaukee Avenue was burned this morning with a large amount of seasoned lumber and other stock. Loss $60,000.

The Liberals.

BERLIN, July 17.—After a close contest at Wersberg the liberals have obtained a majority in the electoral college, and it is now believed that the liberal ticket will be victorious throughout Bavaria.

Capture of a Whale.

QUEENSTOWN, July 17.—The whale with which the steamship Scythia came in contact off Roches point, and damaged her propeller, has been brought in here by a tug. It was picked up off Bally Cotton. It is fifty-four feet long.

Arrest of Railroad Robbers.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 17—Wm. Bridgeman, supposed to be one of the men implicated in the recent attempted express robbery and murder at Long Point (Ill.) was arrested last night. The larger on, of the two men is still at large.

No Yellow Fever at Norfolk.

NORFOLK, July 17.—There is no truth in the report telegraphed from Washington that there is yellow fever here. The president of the board of health states that there has been none at quarantine, and that the city was never healhier.

Weather.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—In the south Atlantic and gulf states, Tennessee and the Ohio valley, rising or stationary barometer, southwest to southeast winds, and warm, clear or partly cloudy weather will prevail, with possibly rain areas in the last section.

Revenue Examination.

LOUISVILLE, July 17—Col. P. B. Hunt, supervisor of internal revenue, and C. W. Horton, special agent of the treasury, have arrived here with special agent Wheeler, and will immmediately commence a thorough examination into the affairs of the office here, which meanwhile has been closed.

The New Laws.

LONDON, July 17.—A special dispatch from Berlin to the Pall Mall Gazette says the German government has ordered that the declaration by the Catholic clergymen to the new laws shall be strictly secret, the purpose being to secure them from prosecution by the ultramontaines.

Count Von Arnim has arrived at Carlbad. His health is in a precarious condition.

Waddy Thompson.

MEMPHIS, July 17—Waddy Thompson, who has figured so extensively in several habeas corpus cases in Missouri, arrived here this evening in charge of the sheriff. Owing to the illness of Thompson, he was permitted to remain in the house of a friend, in charge of an officer, until Monday, when he will be brought before the criminal court for trial, he having forfeited his bond of $10,000 for his appearance here some weeks since.

Lost Balloon.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Nothing has been heard of the balloon which left here Thursday night. It is generally supposed that it was swept into the lake by the terific storm Thursday night.

LATER.—A special to the Chicago Times from Goshen, Indiana says: yesterday morning a balloon was seen passing over that city in an easterly direction. It was high in the air and the parties in it where cheering whether it was Donaldson or some other aronaut is not known.

On the War Path.

OMAHA, July 17.—The *Herald's* letter from the Red Cloud agency dated the 9th inst., states that a strong well armed and equipped body of Uncappa Sioux are on the war path in the Black Hills, with the avowed determination to cover the country with horses hoof tracks. From Indian sources we learn that they have had two encounters with white men miners and killed seven in one fight and three in another party.

New York Notes

NEW YORK, July 17.—Herman Block, a wholesale butcher in Brooklyn, has failed. Liabilities, $60,000.

The father of G. D. Palmly, who rowed No. 4 in Princeton boat at Saratoga, states that his son did not have an epileptic fit during the race, but fainted from exhaustion caused by intense pain of a felon.

A dispatch signed by the president of Round Lake camp meeting association, and other camp meeting associations and other ministers, has been sent to Moody and Sankey, in London, inviting them to hold a ten days meeting at Round Lake, near Troy, in September.

Deaths here this week were eight hundred and ninety, and increase of one hundred and forty-seven over last week.

A Bridegroom Loses his Bride.

NEW YORK, July 17.—A hearing was had in the supreme court chamber this morning, on the writ of habeas corpus sued out by G. J. Allen in the case of Miss Effie Thurston, who eloped with him from Fall River, Mass., a few days ago and was here regained by her parents. The girls father testified that she was but seventeen years of age, and J. J. Hathaway a lawyer from Fall River proved that Allen has a wife living. After a private conversation with Miss Thurston, Judge Barrett dismissed the writ saying, young lady though evidently infatuated with Allen, and had agreed to return to her parents. He remarked that the taking out of the writ under these circumstances was one of the most audacious acts he ever heard of. Immediately after the decision of the court was given Allen was arrested for adultery.

Telegraphic Brevities.

HAMILTON, OHIO, July 17.—The trustees of St. Andrew's church, this city, have been empowered by the congregation to lock out Rev. Burnett, their pastor, who has refused to enter the United church along with them.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., July 17.—Jane Mulligan, aged 19, was killed by lightning at Fort Vincent.

TORONTO, July 17.—A storm has occurred in this section at Belleville; man and boy killed at Harriston; steam planing mill and cabinet factory struck and burned.

OMAHA, July 17.—Secretary Belknap and party left for the west to-day. There was a terrific rain storm in this vicinity last night.

NEW YORK, July 17.—The failure of T. J. Daly & Co., tea merchants, is announced. Their liabilities are supposed to include no large amounts.

BOSTON, July 17.—Fred Floyd, chief clerk liquor commission, has been arrested for forgery in obtaining lincenses.

NORTH GEORGIA,

Visit to Toccoa Falls—Tallulah Falls

[Hawkinsville Dispatch.]

Thursday morning the association assembled in full force, ready for the excursion over the Air line railroad. Two fine cars had been chartered by the ATLANTA CONSTITUTION especially for the occasion, and to the proprietors are we indebted for the most pleasant excursion we ever made. It seemed as if an era of good feeling had been inaugurated, and that, if bickerings or prejudice had ever existed between the press of Georgia, all lay buried in a common grave, and each was ready to grasp his brother's hand in fraternal friendship. For our part, we felt that if we ever entertained hard feeling against a brother editor it was no longer the case, and that we were willing to "forgive and forget."

AT NEW HOLLAND SPRINGS

noted for their excellent mineral waters—we were invited by Col Nicholls to partake of a lunch gotten up with splendid taste. Three cheers for Colonel Nicholls, and our train sped on through the hills.

TOCCOA CITY.

We reached Toccoa late in the afternoon. It is a pretty little city nestled in the mountains of Habarsham county, and but a few miles from the boundary lines of North and South Carolina. The citizens of Toccoa evinced their appreciation of a visit from the newspaper men of Georgia by providing them with homes during their stay in the city.

* * * * * * * *

TALLULAH FALLS.

Friday we visited Tallulah Falls, 16 miles from Toccoa. We made the trip in hacks and buggies. Our route was over high mountains and along by the sides of deep, dangerous gorges. The party included President Estill and lady, Col. Hancock and lady, of Americus, and Mr. James P. Harrison and lady, of Atlanta. The pure, bracing atmosphere of the mountains had given an extraordinary keenness to the appetites of the party, and the knowledge that a good breakfast was awaiting us intensified the feeling until it amounted to excruciating hunger. Our clever and thoughtful host at Toccoa, Mr. Payne, had anticipated our troubles by providing his four guests with a good cup of coffee, ham, butter biscuit, and we "felt our keeping" much better than some of the rest.

About nine o'clock we arrived at Tallulah Falls, and made ourselves at home at the hotel of Mr. W. D. Young. The apparently half-famished editors beseiged the dining room, and almost forced an entrance. In a few moments, however, the doors were thrown open and there was a rush for the table. Everybody ate a hearty breakfast, which was most elegantly prepared, and supervised by our accomplised hostess, Mrs. Young.

Soon the party were seen straggling through the woods to view one of the most magnificent scenes on the American continent—Tallulah Falls. Nothing we have ever beheld—not even Toccoa Falls—can compare with the awfully grand and majestic picture that here comes into view. Scrambling down the rugged cliffs for two hundred feet, we lay our weary body down and behold Lodore Falls, and see the waters dash, and foam and whirl. Ascending to the heavens above us is what is known as Diana's Rest, towering nearly three hundred feet above Hawthorn's Pool, with which there is a legend.

* * * * *

We returned to the domicil of Mr. J. W. Payne, where we found a nice supper, good lodgings, and a cordial welcome.

Saturday morning we embarked on the train from Charlotte, N. C., and came sweeping down the Air Line road toward Atlanta. At Norcross and here, too, was great honor shown to the editorial body. The daughters of Mr. Trammell, young ladies beautiful and refined, condescended to fill the places of waiters and thus manifest their high esteem for the Association.

And now, gentle readers, we have related to you some of the incidents and pleasures of one of the most delightful occasions of our life. We have enjoyed a week of recreation in the mountains of north Georgia, witnessing grand and beautiful scenery and receiving unbounded hospitality.

For much of this pleasure we are under obligations to the Atlanta CONSTITUTION. Its proprietors, Messrs. Hemphill, Clarke & Finch, gave the excursion in honor of the eight anniversary of their paper.

(Hamilton Visitor.)

* * * * * *

We were awakened next morning at 5 o'clock and found ourself

IN ATLANTA.

The city is being rapidly and continually improved—many new buildings are being erected, and the place puts on the appearance of a live city. Capt. Murphey, the secretary of the senate, showed us through the capitol building. We went up the tower and had a view of the entire city and adjacent country for many miles around.

THE ASSOCIATION

convened at city hall, and it is believed to have been the largest assembly since the organization. Col. J. H. Estill, of the Savannah News, was unanimously re-elected President.

* * * * *

After tea an invitation carried us to

MR. GEO. SHARPE, JR.,

the great jewelry man, who gave one of the finest banquets we ever attended.

Mr. Sharpe has one of the best and largest jewelry establishments in the state, and everybody goes to Sharpe's for jewelry, silver ware, etc. It is a real treat to look through his establishment.

Three cheers and a tiger for Sharpe. At 6 o'clock next morning the

EXCURSION PARTY

met promptly at the depot to enjoy the courtesy extended by the CONSTITUTION to excurt to Toccoa falls.

Smoking fine cigars, cracking jokes, etc., was the proper thing until we reached

NEW HOLLAND SPRINGS.

where we were met by Col. William Nicholls with a band of music. The Col. wined and lunched fifty editors most royally, and made many friends for himself by his courtesy. He showed us over the grounds, which are beatiful.

We reached Toccoa about 3 o'clock, and we were met by the citizens with carriages, who carried us out to Toccoa Falls, about two miles.

THE TRIP FROM ATLANTA

to Toccoa was over the Air-Line road, and the most beautiful scenery is seen all along. First on an embankment 40 or 50 feet—then a deep cut—and out upon a trestle at a dizzy height. Mountains appear on either side, and we are first on the side, then dashing along the top or through a mountain.

On our

RETURN HOME

we left Toccoa on the 9th, and arrived in Columbus next day.

THE CROPS

are looking well all along our line of travel, but particularly so in the northern part of the State. From what we had heard, we expected to find one common cotton field in North Georgia, but were glad to find it a mistake. Corn, oats and wheat have decidedly the ascendency, and if there is much cotton planted there, it is not to be seen from the railroad.

The Cost of the Tilton-Beecher Trial, $140,000.

[Brooklyn Argus.]

Considering the time occupied by the Tilton Beecher litigation, it has been the most expensive trial on record. County treasurer Gardiner has met the demands of the jurymen this week. They have each received the magnificent sum of $52—their pay for twenty-six days of confinement and hard work. The jurors still have hope of securing extra compensation. It is known that Judge Neilson believes they are entitled to more pay, and he will do all he consistently can to secure for the twelve special recognition by the board of supervisors.

It is no easy matter to calculate the cost of the trial of the cause of Tilton against Beecher. It is not yet definitely known to any newspaper man what fees counsel receive. The trial has cost the county of Kings at least $40,000. The jurors have received $3,000. The total jury expense, including panels of 1,500 men, amounts to $5,194. The county treasurer has paid out $26,154 as the county's share of the expenses of the Tilton Beecher trial. This does not include the pay of the detailed policemen, which will foot up a large sum; neither does it embrace the bill of Mr. Parker for feeding the jury.

Mr. Beecher's trial expenses can hardly be less than $70,000. Mr. Tilton is out of pocket some $15,000, which amount he will easily earn as soon as the lecture season begins. All told, $140,000 is a moderate estimate of the cost of the great suit.

Pluck.

There are two young ladies in this county who are but humble individuals, not conscious that they are entitled to any credit for what they do, and who would never think of telling of their exploits, and yet who have about them much of the material of which "heroes" are made, whose praises are sung by tongue and pen and blazoned on the roll of history's deathless names. Yes, "Whatsoever thy hands find to do, do it with thy might," is an old adage, and one which is the keynote to the success of most great men, and these young ladies unconsciously carry out this very principle in their every line. With their own hands they plant, cultivate and gather a cotton crop each year of six or seven bales, which, together with their grain crops and stock, feed and clothe them handsomely, and leaves them a cash surplus of two or three hundred dollars. In addition to this, they do all their own house work, raise chickens, keep cows, make their own butter, and have a surplus to sell, besides finding time between them to teach a school. Added to all this, they are sensible, modest and pretty, as well as intelligent. What more could be asked? We came very near forgetting to state that one of them has lately married, but there is still one left, and the man who wins her for a wife, may consider his fortune made.—*Warrenton Clipper.*

High Salaries.

[Troy Times.]

The raising of Beecher's salary to $100,000 a year gives him the largest compensation in the Union. But one salary in the world transcends it—that of the viceroy of India, which is £50,000, or $250,000 a year, though it is possible the salary of Lord Dufferin, as governor-general of Canada, is £30,000, or $150,000 a year. The ambassadors of Great Britain at Paris and Vienna receive but $50,000 a year. We are told that H. B. Claflin pays his "credits man," formerly president of the Bank of North America, Mr. Donalson, $100,000 a year on account of his unprecedented knowledge of credits. The firm do a business of $70,000,000 a year, and this business is an entirely credit one; therefore a skilful knowledge of the buyers, their standing and personal habits, is one of more value than ten per cent. upon this amount; in other words, it is profitable to Claflin to pay less than two per cent. upon his sales to Mr. Donaldson. There are many salesmen in the leading houses in New York with salaries reaching as high as $30,000, while the leading journalist must content himself with $10,000.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

CALLAWAY—Died, at her late residence, on Hunter street, on yesterday at 12½ o'clock, a. m., Mrs. Martha Callaway. Aged seventy-eight years.

Her funeral will take place this morning at 8½ o'clock,

AMUSEMENTS.

CONCERT.

The Concert and Tableaux

Given on Friday evening last, for the benefit of First Methodist Church, will be repeated, by request, on

Monday Evening, 19th

instant, at

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.

Tickets purchased for first entertainment are good. Price of admission, 50 cents; children half price. july18—dlt

TEN CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserted in this column at Ten Cents a line, each insertion.

☞All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance; and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

FOR SALE—A second-hand Carriage, in good running order, at half its cost, the owner declining to dispense with one at present. Apply at Constitution office. july18—dtf

ANY responsible house in the city, desiring the services of an office man, either as principal or assistant book-keeper, can find such, with good references, by addressing Book-keeper, No. 8 Decatur street. july18—dlt

FOR RENT—A large one-room House, nicely plastered and newly painted, between Hull and Hayden streets. Apply at 156 West Baker street. july18—d*t

HOUSE TO RENT—Six rooms with long 8 foot hall. Extra good water. 169 Jones street, on street railroad. Apply to Chas. E. Boynton. july16—dtf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

3 DOZEN PAIRS

Physicians Saddlebags,

6 DOZEN PAIRS

TOOTH FORCEPS,

and a large assorted stock of

Scales, Weights, Instruments, etc,

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,

Wholesale Druggists,

No. 11 North Pryor street, Atlanta.

july18—dtf

A RARE OPPORTUNITY

For Investmeet.

THE subscriber, at Palmetto, Ga., wishes to dispose of his large NEW BRICK HOTEL. He would exchange it in part for Atlanta city property. Payments made easy. Apply to WM. JACKSON.

july18—dlm

FOR SALE.

ONE six-room Brick House, No. 64 Stonewall street, one six-room Brick House, No. 70 corner Stonewall and Bailey streets, one four-room Frame House, No. 33 Bailey street. Purchaser can have possession at once. No money required until 1st September, only one-fourth then; balance in 3, 6 and twelve months. Object in selling to change investment. Call on

DR S. F. SALTER,

july18—dlt 53 Broad street.

THE FRANKLIN

Steam Printing House.

27 AND 29 BROAD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

JAMES P. HARRISON & CO., PROPRIETORS.

A WIDE AWAKE, PROGRESSIVE ESTABLISHMENT.

Unsurpassed in the South.

Work Done by Artists, and Patronage Drawn by Low Prices and Ability to Please!

RAILROAD AND BANK PRINTING

A SPECIALTY.

BLANK BOOKS.

Our BINDERY being supplied with all the latest and MOST APPROVED MACHINERY and TOOLS—and having the BEST WORKMEN employed—we are prepared to furnish, at the lowest rates and in the very best style, BLANK BOOKS, of any desired style or pattern, such as

Bills Lading Books,
Bill Books,
Cotton Purchase Books,
Cotton Forwarding Books,
Cotton Receipt Books,
Consignment Books,
Cotton Ledgers,
Cotton Sales Books,
Cash Books,
Cotton Abstract Books,
Draft Books,
Freight Ledgers,

HOTEL REGISTERS,
Invoice Books,
Journals,
Receipts for Cotton on Storage,
Cotton Journals,
Etc., etc., etc.

LEDGERS,
For Cash and Currency,
Marriage Bonds,
Marriage Licenses,

LAWYERS BRIEFS,
County Record Books,
Docket Books,
Note Books,
Land Plats,
Receipts for Taxes,
Receipts for Money,
Orders of Courts,
Petty Ledgers,
Promissory Notes,
Trial Balance Books,
Trial Dockets,

A FACT!

The finest and best

COMPLETE SET OF BOOKS

in the city of Atlanta may be seen at Mr. FRANK E. BLOCK'S, manufacturer of and wholesale dealer in Candy, Broad Street. The set was designed by the talented and gentlemanly book-keeper of that establishment, Mr. A. R. Wright, and manufactured at the FRANKLIN STEAM PRINTING HOUSE.

ANOTHER FACT!

The most elegant

Printed Head Ledger

in the city of Atlanta may be seen at M. C. & J. F. KISER & CO'S, leading wholesale Merchants, Pryor Street, corner of Wall. The book was designed by their accomplished junior member of the firm, Mr. Willis Reagan, and manufactured at the FRANKLIN STEAM PRINTING HOUSE.

Address all orders to

JAS. P. HARRISON & CO,

27 and 29 Broad Street, ATLANTA, GA.

THE LAST DAY.

MERCHANTS, Traders, Business and Professional men, are notified that the 20th is the last day for taking out business license, when they can take it without cost.

FRANK T. RYAN,
july18—dlt Clerk.

FOR RENT,

FROM the first of August, the second and third stories of the building corner of Wall and Loyd streets, opposite the Union Passenger Depot, known as the Fulton House, at present occupied by F. Corra

Apply to DANIEL PITTMAN.
July 18, 1875—d3t&wlt

NOW IS THE TIME

TO lay in a supply of COAL for next winter, by the car load, while Freights are low. Send in your orders for CAHABA, ALABAMA, RED ASH and COAL CREEK to 44 Marietta and 59 Decatur streets.

We sell as Low as the Lowest
july18—dtf SCIPLE & SONS.

DRUGGISTS FIXTURES.

WE have a complete set of Glass Labelled Druggists, consisting of over a hundred pieces, which we will sell at less than cost. It is as good as new.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
july18—dtf Wholesale Druggists.

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

AT 6 o'clock, next Tuesday afternoon, 20th instant, we will sell on the premises, HOUSE AND LOT, corner Rawson and Frazer st, belonging to A. D. Martin. Lookout for a bargain in this property.

july18—dlt WALLACE & FOWLER.

Fine Farm near Palmetto,

FOR SALE.

I OFFER 350 acres of land for sale, within 5½ miles of this town, and immediately on the Atlanta and West Point Railroad. 200 acres under fence, 125 acres cleared, 100 of which is now under cultivation, and 30 acres of this FIRST-CLASS BRANCH BOTTOM, taken in this year, and mostly in cultivation. It has several branches and half dozen bold springs of fine water. A beautiful building site facing on the railroad. There are four new tenement houses, with stables cribs, etc. The upland is, mostly gently undulating, with a loamy soil and GOOD CLAY SUBSOIL, and is fine for the growth of corn, cotton, fruits, etc. Society quiet, orderly, religious and sober. Fine schools at Palmetto, without any Bar Rooms or Billiard Tables.

For terms and further particulars, apply at Palmetto, Georgia, to

J. T. BECKMAN.
july18—d2taw&wtillno*1

Notice in Bankruptcy.

NORTHERN District of Georgia—At Greensboro, Ga., July 10th, 1875—In the matter of Charles J. Doherty, bankrupt—In bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of Charles J. Doherty, of

Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA

SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 18, 1875

Preferred Locals.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS.

WM. McNAUGHT & CO

see Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for a criticism of our "news." marl-tf

Caution Not Necessary.

Although it requires but 2 teaspoonfuls of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder to produce better or all biscuits, cakes, etc., than three to spoonfuls of any o her, it is not necessary to caution the public, as do makers of the rank, common kinds to use no more for fear of exposure and injury. The merits of Dr. Price's powder so mits of twice the quantity or more of more being used with perfect safety, and with out detriment to the articles prepared. Households where true economy is studied will use Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder and also hi True Extracts, Lemon, Vanilla, &c., for they are truly excellent, bare, and unadulterated. Baking Powder so da in bulk for Dr. Price's is an imposition, as Dr. Price's is only sold in cans.

jal-16—tues thur-sun&sat&wlw

New Advertisements.

Statement of the Atlanta Savings Bank of Georgia.

Ch a dry goods and carpets—Furchgott, Benedict & Co.

The Charlie Ross segar.

The Capitol segar.

The Warwick and Elmwood collars.

The parlor barber shop—5 cent segar.

Great attractions to be offered—Lowe, Loggins & Dallas.

Bargain counter—Furchgott, Benedict & Co.

Great sacrifice in silks—Furchgott, Benedict & Co.

$50,000—Furchgott, Benedict & Co.

Domestic goods, hosiery, etc.—Furchgott Benedict & Co.

Grass matting—W. A. Haygood.

Mosquito canopies—Haygood.

Lambrequins, etc.—Haygood.

Plain and decorated wall paper

Fine farm for sale—J. T. Beckman.

Rare opportunity—Wm. Jackson.

8,000 smoked sun bonnets—M. Wiseberg.

Augusta watermelons—W. T Burbee

Now is the time—Scipie & Sons.

For sale—Dr. S. F. Salter.

Greater bargains than ever—M. Rich.

Funeral of Mrs. Martha Callaway.

Concert and tableaux.

The last day—Frank T. Ryan.

For rent—Daniel Pittman.

Druggists fixtures for sale—Hunt, Rankin & Lamar.

Saddlebags—Hunt, Rankin & Lamar.

The Frank in steam printing house—Jas. P. Harrison & Co.

House and lot—Wallace & Fowler.

For sale, a second-hand carriage.

Any responsible house—Book-keeper.

For rent—136 West Baker street.

Fine farm near Palmetto.

Coal—Smith & Thomas.

Grand auction sale—James L. Watkins.

At his office to-morrow—Dr. Holland.

Is it fair—Wm. H. White.

If analysis is true—Scipie & Sons.

Walls plastered—Scipie & Sons.

Analysis—Scipie & Sons.

Shelby lime—Scipie & Sons.

Makes a beautiful white—Scipie & Sons.

Landreth's fresh turnip seeds.

Has removed—M. Rich.

Turnip seeds—J. Ben Wilson & Co.

Cider mills—J. Ben Wilson & Co.

Fine flour—W. T. Robinson.

Barber shop—Dougherty Hutchins.

Book-keepers wanted—Jas. P. Harrison & Co

Rev. C. A. Evans will preach at Trinity to-day.

TUESDAY is the last day for taking out business license without cost.

REMEMBER the concert given by Atlanta lodge of Good Templars to-morrow night, at their hall, corner Broad and Marietta streets.

IN our notice of the water works yesterday morning, we alluded to the giving way of concrete pipe on Pryor street. It should have been terra cotta pipe.

HOTEL property for sale at Palmetto, Ga. Parties wishing to invest in a live town would do well to call on Wm. Jackson. See advertisement in to-day's CONSTITUTION.

THE rascally types play smash sometimes. In our account of the "Esther" tableau, they called Esther the "noble Roman" instead of woman; and they speak of the dog in "Martin Chuzzlewit" instead of boy.

THE RANKIN HOUSE, COLUMBUS, GA.—This hotel is now under the immediate supervision of that popular lady, Mrs. M. E. Gray. The hotel is flourishing throughout with an entire new outfit. We cheerfully endorse this excellent establishment as being a number one house. Be sure to give it a trial.

BASE BALL MATCH.—Austell's vs. Kiowa's played a game of base ball yesterday on their grounds. The Austell's bore off the prize—a fine ball. Nine innings the score stood 19 to 21. These are new clubs which have just started in our city, and judging from their playing, they bid fair to become champion of our state.

AMERICAN SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKER.—The August number of the American Sunday School Worker, pays a very distinguished compliment to Miss Anna Maria Barnes of this city, by giving her essay read before the State Sunday school convention, the leading place in the number. The Sunday School Worker should be in the hands of every parent and teacher. Terms, $1 50 per annum. C. B. Homan, editor and proprietor, St Louis.

BASE BALL.—A game of base ball was played between the West End club and a picked nine from Moore's business college, at West End grounds, yesterday evening, playing nine innings. The game stood at the close, West End club, 44; picked nine, 9. There was some splendid batting and catching by Messrs. Phillips, Owens, Ray, Thornton and Cleveland of the West End club; also some splendid batting and catching by captain Johnson, Messrs. Wills, Cumming and Hall of the picked nine.

Grand Concert.

Let all bear in mind that the concert and tableaux, given for the benefit of the First Methodist church, will be repeated at Delive's to-morrow night. Let all who would enjoy a rare entertainment attend.

THE REGATTA.

The Collins Crew Victors.

The regatta announced to take place yesterday near Howell's mills came off in the presence of quite a large crowd. In addition to a number of people who went out from the city to witness this novel contest from Atlanta, many were there from the country. Mr. Randall the well known and enterprising livery stable man, sent out during the morning his magnificent band wagon, with six fast horses. This furnished accommodations for all who desired it, and at very cheap rates. For an affair of this kind, this wagon and team cant be beat and are always in demand. Music was on hand, and those of the crowd who arrived in the morning found an abundance of delightful recreation, promenading and dancing. The ladies enjoyed the latter amusement exceedingly.

The racing occurred in the afternoon. Only one race was had, and that was for the $25 cash prize, offered by Mr. Clarke Howell, the president of the association. Two boats were entered—one manned by Messrs. Collins, Echols and Heyward; the other by Messrs. Baldwin, Wylie and Bard. Other contestants had been expected, but owing to unavoidable circumstances they were not able to be present. After an exciting race of some three hundred yards, the Collins crew won by three lengths. A number of efforts were made to get up a tub race, and there were several entries. It was found impossible to get a start, as the tubs would continually upset. Several gentlemen got cold baths to the great amusement of the spectators.

Altogether the day was a success, and with a little more practice our regatta association will become a feature of our city. Long life to it.

THE ROLLING MILL.

Work to be Resumed To-Morrow.

Louis Schofield Appointed Superintendent.

We are gratified to learn of the probability of work being resumed on to-morrow at the Rolling Mill. Yesterday, Mr. Goodnow, the Receiver, appointed Mr. Louis Scofield the superintendent. We are advised that neither side in the controversy conceded any point. Mr. Scofield accepts for the good of the mill and both parties. Whatever Mr Goodnow's experience as an iron master, he is unknown in that line to our people, while on the other hand Mr. Scofield has a wide-spread reputation. A distinguished railroad official says: "All things being equal, I would prefer having my rails rerolled in Atlanta, and by Louis Scofield. I do not know Mr. Goodnow, nor of his ability. But I know that Louis Scofield is *master of his business*, and his superintendency of the work would be a sure guarantee of good work. This is a high and deserved compliment.

Mr Newman Hicks, supervisor of the Georgia railroad, was in the city yesterday morning. He informed us that he had completed a contract with Mr. Goodnow to reroll about three hundred tons of rails for his road, and would want some two hundred tons more

The interests of the city demanded a speedy resumption of the mills, for the lives and health of three hundred employes and their families is in the interest of the city. We cannot afford to lose the benefit of their brawn and labor. We congratulate ourselves upon the s tling of the vexed question. With Louis Scofield as superintendent, the mill will move on to success.

Personal Paragraphs.

—Thomas Pullum is the latest candidate suggested for Governor. Well, the judge can *pull-um* through.

—John Rauschenberg of this city has been elected a delegate from Lookout Mountain Turn-Bezirk to the North American Turn-bund, which meets in New York on the 21st of next month.

—H. P. Guess and wife and a number of others leave Stone Mountain to-day for a trip through the country to Tallulah Falls. They start with a couple of two horse wagons and a buggy.

—Revs. H. H. Parks and J. T. Waterman of LaGrange passed through last night for Oxford.

—James Avery and Willie Nelms at Decatur are natural orators.

—Mr. H. P. Cox, of Forsyth street, returned to the city yesterday, after an absence of four weeks. He has visited Athens, Augusta, Macon, Tuskegee etc. He states that he has never seen such a crop growing of the present one.

—Col. S. B. Spencer has exchanged his house and lot near the city hall, to Col. Jack R. Wallace for $12,000 of other city property.

—Dr. Henry. L. Willson, who was injured by an accident while riding in his buggy, some three weeks since, continues to improve slowly. As a matter of course several weeks will be required to recover in.

—Capt. John W. Harwell has gone to the Rowland Springs for his health.

Church Directory.

First Methodist Church—Dr. Harrison will preach this morning at 10:30 and tonight at 8:30. Subject for the evening: "Daniel a model for young." All are invited—seats free.

Trinity Church—Services at 10:45 a. m. by Rev. C. A Evans; at 8:30 p. m. by Rev. J. D. Hammond Sabbath school at 9, a. m. Rev. Mr. Evans, former pastor, will attend this morning's school.

First Baptist Church—Sunday school at 9 a. m, sermon at 10:30 a m., services at 8:15, p. m. Night meetings will continue during this week. At the Monday night meeting, Dr. J. F Hammond will preach on the subject of infidelity, giving the reasons which have lately caused him to reject its teachings and profess faith in Christ. All are invited.

St. Lukes Church—Services will be held by the pastor, Rev. George Macauley, at St. Luke's church corner Walton and Spring streets this morning at half past ten o'clock.

Payne's Chapel, on Luckie street—Preaching by Rev. T. H. Timmons at 11 a. m. and at 8:15 p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m., d. Hendrix superintendent.

Y. M. C. A.—In place of the regular prayer meeting, this association will hold a memorial service, at the Second Baptist church, at 5:30, p. m., in respect to the memory of their deceased brother, Robert E. Jackson.

St. Paul's M. E. Church, corner Hunter and Bell streets, Rev. W. A. Dodge, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Sabbath school 3:30 p. m.

Loyd street M. E. Church—Preaching this morning at the usual hour by Judge Dennis F. Hammond.

Rev. W. H. Crawford, Cumberland Presbyterian, will preach at Good Templars' hall to-day at 11 o'clock to-day, and to night at the 24 Cumberland mission, on Erwin street, at 8:30 o'clock.

Rev. W. Copp will preach at the Marietta street mission to-night, at 8:30, p m. Sunday school at St. John's mission at 3:30, p m.

Rev. J. D. HAMMOND —This excellent young minister is serving Trinity church very faithfully and acceptably, while the pastor, Rev. Mr. Scott, is confined by sickness.

D. F. Hammond preaches at Evans Chapel in the morning Sabbath school at 4, p. m., and services at night.

Resolutions on the Death of Robert E. Jackson.

Y. M. C. A. HALL, July 14, 1875

The High and Holy One, to whom the future is as the present, and who sees the end from the beginning, has seen fit in His inscrutable wisdom, to remove our friend and brother Robert E. Jackson, from the scene of his usefulness, while yet in the prime of life, and with his work but half accomplished; be it therefore

Resolved by the Young Men's Christian Association of Atlanta, That in the death of this our beloved brother, we have sustained an irreparable loss; also not only to us as an association, but also to us as individuals. And it is a mournful fact for us to feel, that we shall never look on that manly face again; that the cordial grasp of that friendly hand will never greet us more; that a career of usefulness, honor and christian example has been suddenly closed, that a frank, true, brave and generous man has been snatched from earth, where, as to our short vision it appears, he who was so zealous, patient in toil and inflexible in faith, could have accomplished so much good—and at a time when such men are more than usually needed. It is pleasant to reflect that it was not in vain that Robert E. Jackson lived; and it is wonderful the impression his character and virtues have made upon his friends and acquaintances. It gives us room to hope that the influences of his life will not die with him, but will remain to encourage and strengthen others to fight, as he fought, manfully and truly, the great battle with evil and wrong, which is the good man's duty here. He was not afraid to speak his Savior's name and defend His cause.

Our brother, our friend, our loved one, has gone. He sleeps beneath the sod. His spirit has gone back to Him who gave it. But his examples and the lessons of his life remain with us. Brothers, he has but gone before us. He has weathered the storms and the gales, and has at last "dropped the anchor and furled the sails" within the quiet haven of rest—he is safe at home at last. We are following after him on the same tempestuous ocean, and the days are but few when we will meet him on that bright shore—if we, like him, will "stand firm at the wheel," watch and pray.

It can be truly said of him:

"His life was gentle,
And the elements so mixed in him
That nature might stand up and say
To all the world, This was a man."

Be it further resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the family in their bereavement, and in the great calamity thus suddenly brought upon them. God has dealt severely with them, but He is an allwise God and merciful Father. To His decree we must bow in humble faith, knowing that our Heavenly Father doeth all things for the best, and that dark as His visitations sometime seem, they are always in wisdom and mercy.

Resolved. That a copy of these resolutions be furnished the family of our deceased brother; and that they be also spread upon the minutes of the association.

P. H. MELL, Sr., chm'n Baptist.
C. D. MONTGOMERY, Presbyterian.
H. L. COLLIER, Methodist.
S. D CHERRY, Episcopalian.
E. D. REYNOLDS, Christian.
Committee.

THE FALL TARIFF.

Another Series of Opinions Upon the Rent Question.

Some Pertinent Suggestions From Practical Men.

The views of the rent question as seen from the standpoints of several of our leading business men, photographed in our columns yesterday morning, attracted very considerable attention. We supplement those already published with a number of others from among the very extensive list in our possession.

The question of rents is

A VITAL MATTER

to the business men of any commercial city and is probably the element which exerts a larger controlling influence upon the stability of trade centers in a city than any other. Wherever trade and custom concentrate, property appreciates in value and business privileges command higher rates in proportion; hence, it is always a point to be looked to that the natural or artificially made centers should be maintained the same as permanently as possible.

H. T. PHILLIPS,

of the firm of Phillips & Crew, corner of Peachtree and Marietta streets, expressed him elf freely, as follows:

"My opinions are very decided upon the subject of rents. I think the business men of the city are paying out too much money for rents. The reduction in rents has not kept pace, in a y degree, with the reduction of prices of other things. The prices of goods regulate themselves, but when the prices of rents and privileges once get up to a high figure, it is very hard to get them down again.

We are, of course, and so I may say, are all other business men to pay as fair a per cent in the shape of rentals as we make our selves. Here we occupy a very prominent stand, and a place always sought for, and I am satisfied that the rents obtained for this corner building are a much better per centage of earnings than could be had in any other average style of investment of the same amount of capital. Now, an equalization of the burden, now held up entirely by the tenant, would be a fair solution of the matter. As it is, the tenant loses twice and the landlord alone is the gainer.

If the owner of the property can show that his rents are or are not a fair profit upon his investment—that they are even reasonable—then the tenant can have nothing to say. Rents have been declining in some locations, but evidently not where most needed. I think the prices asked generally, as quoted by renting agencies, are more reasonable than upon business houses. There has been no reduction made in the rent of the house we occupy for the last six years. The decline in the amount of business done, upon the other hand, I should estimate at fully 25 per cent. I think there will have to be some concessions made by the landlords who own business houses, if they wish to retain steady and reliable tenants."

W. W. COMPTON.

a few doors above Phillips & Crew, was called upon. He gave his views about in these terms:

"I don't know that my opinion upon the present relation of rents to the demand of trade will be considered of much value, as I have no property to rent, and am only a tenant myself. I can say, however, that I consider the present tariff of rents for business stands far too high for the present rate of profits in the trade. So far as I am able to determine from my own observation and experience they may be set down at from 7 to 20 per cent, above what business will really justify men in paying regularly. I speak of the average for the year round, not particularly of the summer when trade is always more or less dull. Some of these men who own real estate will doubtless laugh at the idea that we, who are tenants, should attempt to value their property, but that does not change the fact that we certainly know better than they when we are charged more rent than the average bussiness returns of the year will justify. I should like to see landlords and tenants mutually respecting each others rights in these matters, and hope that the owners of business property in Atlanta may soon realize the fact that money is not so high priced as it was when the present rate of rents was established, and put their prices down to a level to which all other things have fallen.

JOHN RYAN

was found enjoying the coolest place about his establishment. He gave his views very clearly and they are worthy of note as being those of one who is a landlord and who views this question from the "other side". He said:

"It is true that sometime ago I reduced the amount of rental for some of my tenants. I wanted them to be satisfied and have no occasion for grumbling about high rentes interfering with their prosperity in business. Perhaps, it is time that the volume of business does not justify the rents which some men are paying, but how is the landlord to feel sure of the fact, when I assure you as a fact that money invested in real estate hear does not nearly bring in the revenue which the money itself would command. I would not own what I do now but for the reason that I bought it years since and had to improve it to make it pay for itself. The market in real estate, too, is declining, yet I doubt whether there are many places of it in the city which return annually ten per cent. of their real values.

They who talk about the high per centage of profits, received by property owners, in the shape of rents, do not take many things into consideration which properly has a bearing upon the matter. If we take the valuation of property as assessed for taxation, the amount of taxes paid thereon, the amount and rate of insurance, the use and abuse of property at the hands of tenants and the necessary repairs demanded from time to time, and then make a calculation of the profits which accrue from the rent charged, it will be found that a great part of the per centage thus obtained is more apparent than real. The cost of protecting and maintaining say $ 0,000 worth of property may reduce (and often does) an apparent profit of ten per cent. down to six or seven per cent. which is much less than the use of the money thus locked up is worth in the market. And, again, men must look to their own business matters in a business way, and not complain at the efforts of others to make a fair profit upon their invested capital, because their own business energy and qualities fail to prove equally remunerative. Such an argument is not business like, but rather takes the quality of a demand from a party that I should sell him my goods below actual cost because his own labor does not bring the price he sets upon it. Must the man who owns the house be subjected to a loss because the man who does business in the house is unable to push his trade successfully and profitably? Must the owners of the store be forsed into losing co-partnership with the merchant who rents the store? I don't think that is a fair way to put the question. I pay tax on property assessed at values which I could not possibly realize upon the market and the per centage of revenue desired from the capital thus invested. The rent question is one which regulates itself when times demand changes and is not altogether so one-sided as some men imagine.

MORRISON, BAIN AND CO.

Mr. Bain gave us his opinion quite succinctly:

I think the rents demanded in the leading business localities are far too high. The business done, both in volume and the margin of profits, does not justify such prices. Along this street (Whitehall from Hunter) street to the railroad, the rents are very high; indeed, are out of all reason. A change must happen soon, or many will have to abandon their present locations, because there must be an equilibrium between receipts and expenditures; and should the latter outbalance the former, the business cannot stand the drain very long. There ought to be, in my opinion, a considerable per centage taken off the present tariff of rents in the leading commercial districts of the city.

R. R PAYNE,

at the corner of Hunter and Pryor streets, said:

I have always thought that rents were cheap enough in Atlanta. In Selma, Montgomery, Nashville, and many other places, they rule considerably higher than here. I can't see much reason for the cry about high rents, unless it is applied to residences, which rent at higher rates, in proportion, than business houses do.

At this point we must desist for the present, leaving some highly interesting views over till our next issue.

—Yesterday we received some fine specimens of copper ore and other varieties of minerals, from Messrs. Smith and Williams, which were found on their land; some ten miles from Carrollton. From the apparent richness and abundance of these minerals there is certainly a fortune for somebody in mining them.

DECATUR HIGH SCHOOL

Commencement Exercises.

A Four Hours Feast.

Decatur Aglow With Enthusiasm.

Friday night the hall of the new Academy was packed, jammed, and filled with a large audience assembled to witness the commencement exercises of Decatur High School. Notwithstanding the fact that the programme was entirely too long, taking up some four hours, the interest of the audience never flagged. The behavior of the audience was commendable. There were a few young men, however, exhibited a total disregard for decorum and the only excuse that can be offered for them is that they don't known any better

Mr. Thomas A. Murray, the principal, is the right man in the right place. He is a thorough instructor whose modesty equals his merit.

He is assisted by Mrs. G. H. Starke, one of the finest disciplinarians, and most accomplished teachers of the land, and Mrs. Hyde, whose musical ability she cannot hide if she ever the most skillfully to do so.

The programme opened with music on the piano by Mrs. Hyde, accompanied by Dr. Swep. Bellups on the violin.

THE WELCOME ADDRESS

was gracefully delivered by Arthur Laid

RECITATIONS.

Next came recitations by little girls.

Lula Galloway—I cannot write poetry.

Anna Jones—My baby brother.

Lizzie Gray—The little girl who wouldn't say please.

Carrie Evans, Lucy Pate, Ida Hamilton—Faith, Hope, Charity.

Lula Houston—Little Benny.

Katie Wilson—Out in the rain.

Nora Belle Starke—The inch cape rock.

Ophia Webster.—Barbary Blue.

Addie Duncan—Tottles arithmetic.

Vic Cox—Talking pertly.

One thing was remarkable in these recitations, and that was the clearness of enunciation. Specially noticeable was the correctness of the rendition.

HUMOROUS DIALOGUE.

The humorous dialogue of the "Gridiron" brought down the house.

Thomas Avery as the Irishman was inimitable. S. Samms and E. Laird sustained their roles well.

THE GOOD AND THE TRUE

N. Gray, E. Cartledge, W. Jones, H. Heath and J. Pate, little fellows recited "good words and true" in capital style.

SPEECHES.

Jeff Pearce—Adams and Jefferson.

George Merritt—The grave of Washington.

Perry Duncan The patriotic brave.

Lindsley Powell—The secret of success.

Henry Ligon—The Beautiful Snow.

Wash Houston—The Ship on Fire.

READINGS.

Julia Reese—The Rainbow.

Laura Candler, Maggie Barry—The old Clock on the Stair.

Gussie Roach—People will Talk.

Lizzie Duncan, Georgia Mason—The Blue and the Gray.

Jennie Powell—Dressing for Church.

Bettie Hamilton—The Knight's Toast.

YOUNG AMERICAN PARSING CLASS.

The young American parsing class kept the audience convulsed with laughter. Jas. Avery, as the teacher, was fully up to the mark, while Thomas Avery, as the mischievous school boy full of pranks and fun, created a furore of laughter while he parsed kissing. He could parse it but never decline it.

DECLAMATION.

Stannie Samms—Address to the Texan army.

Wallace Kirkpatrick—Reply of Grattan to Corry.

Milton Candler—Emmett's Defence.

Thomas Avery—Shall our Laurels Wither?

COMPOSITIONS.

Lucy Daniel—The Atmosphere.

Julia Wilson—Filial Affection.

Anna Brice—Beauty.

Mamie Word—The Tongue.

Alice Wilson—Do Heaven and Earth Speak?

Pauline Pearce—*Sic Transit Gloria Mundi.*

The compositions were all well written and well read. It was appropriate that a word should be said about the tongue.

YOUNG ORATORS.

Thomas Stokes—Truth.

Ed Barry—Last Speech of Meagher.

Sam Candler—Regulus to the Roman Senate.

James Avery—Criminality of Dueling.

Charles Hudson—Comic speech.

Willie Nelmns—Stonewall Jackson. Original.

THE WREATH OF FLOWERS.

Some thirty girls assembled on the stage. One held in her hand a magnificent wreath, and recited what flower in it was named for a class-mate. As the name of the girl was called she stepped out in front until all were ranged together. The whole thing was arranged by Mrs. Stark. While the girls were on the stage Miss Mamie Kirkpatrick presided at the piano. Though her fairy-like fingers moved less distinctly than a zephyr's breath and as noiselessly as the falling snowflake, perfumed melody rose from the touch, and fragrant harmony gathered like incense around the chords.

THE RIVAL ORATORS.

The rival orators were Willie Nelms and Ed Barry. Willie wanted to bury Cæsar and Edward wanted to announce that his father's name was Norval. The rivals finally quit both discomfitted.

THE COMMITTEE.

Hon. J. B Steward, Rev. Mr. Samms, and Capt. Ed. Cox were appointed a committee to award prizes. The committee found it a difficult matter to decide, and went it blind by putting several names in a hat and drawing out one.

THE AWARD.

The first prize to the boys, a beautiful copy of Milton, was awarded to James Avery, and the second, a copy of Ween's Life of Washington. to Lindsey Powell.

The first prize to the girls, a handsome copy of Tennyson's poems, was awarded to Miss Laura Candler, and the second, The Lives of Celebrated Female Sovereigns, to Miss Katie Wilson.

THE PRESENTATION.

The prizes were presented by Mr. W. G. Whitby, of this journal, at midnight, accompanied by a few remarks.

THE EXAMINATION.

The examination of the scholars in the several branches were highly satisfactory to teachers, parents and trustees.

GRAND CONCERT.

A grand concert for the benefit of the academy will be given on Tuesday night. It will be a grand treat. Vive la Decatur High School

SEE advertisement in to-day's paper of J. T. Beckman. Parties wishing to purchase a very desirable plantation in a rich section of country would do well to call on Mr. Beckman, at Palmetto, Ga.

KNOCKED IN THE HEAD.

Negro Probably Murdered on Wall Street.

Last night a negro named Nelson Love was knocked in the head, and probably murdered by a negro named Isaac Ivey. Love had been suspecting Ivey of undue intimacy with his wife for some time. Last night he met the two walking together on Wall street near the bridge, as the men met the woman ran away. Love caught Ivey by the collar, charging him with adultery with his wife, and telling him he was going to carry him before his wife and prove it; after going a short distance a scuffle ensued in which Ivey picked up a rock, and struck Love a fearful blow over the right temple *knocking him off the sidewalk*, and felling him senseless to the ground. Love was taken to his house near by bleeding from the eyes and ears. Physicians say he cannot possibly live twelve hours. Ivey was arrested immediately after the occurrence, and taken to the guard house where he now is. The negroes in the vicinity are greatly excited. Ivey is a married man, and has two children.

—A man passing the fruit stand yesterday near the corner of Marietta and Forsyth streets, slipped up on a watermelon rind and broke a large washbowl. As he righted himself the time and place was a good one for an auctioneer in cuss words who desired to learn the whole gamut in profanity.

—We have quite a number of fruit growers in our city. Among these is Col Jack Wallace. He has ninety-one varieties of pears, and some fifty-five varieties of grapes, some fosty of them bearing. Mr. W. C. Robinson is another gentleman who takes pleasure in raising fruit. He has some fifteen varieties now ripe.

TOWN TOPICS.

—Hot was the general verdict yesterday.

—Tom Magill is running a hack between his office and the depot.

—A colored camp-meeting begins at Cartersville to-morrow.

—Four sleepers go out on the Kennesaw route this afternoon.

—Lithonia is to have a Bath on the Turkish plan.

—Dodd's new building looms up four stories.

—The Air Line train went out yesterday thronged with passengers for the springs.

—The thermometer at 3 p. m., yesterday stood at Beau Berry's 98 in the shade, and at Major S. B. Wigut's the same.

—A negro excursion, some one hundred strong from Selma, Ala., reached here last night.

—The Georgia and State road trains yesterday morning and night went out crowded with passengers.

—Moving the Hunnicut house from the factory lot to Walton street proves quite a job.

—Work has so far progressed on the Markham house that some idea can be formed as to what will be the general appearance of the building when completed.

—Messrs. P. & G. T. Dodd have leased the three upper stories of their new house now being built on Alabama street to the National Surgical Institute for five years.

—Almost every day we are spoken to in regard to the large number of dogs that run at large in various localities of the city, and are asked if something cannot be done to prevent it. Yes; something can be.

—The colored man who was bit by a rattlesnake at the water works Friday evening was getting on very well as far as the bite was concerned yesterday, but the whisky still kept him drunk.

—The colored excursion party from this place to Charlotte, which was to have left yesterday, was a failure. There will be one under the auspices of different parties to Nashville next Thursday.

—Jerry Lynch shipped a handsome suit of clothes yesterday to one of his New York customers. Some of the New Yorkers are proud and require something extra. So five of them have their work from Lynch's establishment.

Pomological.

Fulton county Pomological Society met in the direct trade rooms at the capitol, yesterday morning at 10 o'clock.

President Jack Wallace in the chair There was an unusually large attendance of members. Minutes of last meeting were read and approved. Henry Bryan, of Savannah, Henry Banks jr., W. W. Woodruff, of Atlanta, were elected members.

Mr. J. J. Mortig exhibited specimens of striped June, yellow June, cheese, and Rhodes orange apples, sent from Emanuel county.

The fruit committee reported. The General Taylor peach regarded as a worthless variety; yellow St. John's peach regarded as a good variety. Cole's early, a pleasant nice peach; Tillotson peach, delicately flavored, but not hardy and subject to rot; Chinese Honey, one of the sweetest peaches that grow. Hall's early peach, regarded as valuable and lasts some four weeks or more; Dobbins peach, a native, very good bearer, and fine for preserving; Kirtland's Seckle pear, a good bearer, and nice fruit, hardy; Howell, a large fine pear, not a heavy bearer.

The society tested a bottle of fine wine sent in by Major George Hillyer, made from the Concord grape.

Grape rot was discussed. Planting in dry ground, well drained, recommended. Like blight in the pear, rot in the grape, is still a mystery.

President Wallace invited the members to his residence on Saturday next at 10 o'clock to examine his fruit. Accepted.

Peach rot the next subject for discussion.

FRUITS EXHIBITED.

Col. Mark Johnson, May Queen, Fillotson and Hale peaches. He also exhibited some tomatoes and an egg plant.

Col. Robert Baugh exhibited Amelia peaches.

L. B. Ladd, Kirtland's Seckle and Moreeaw peaches.

W. A. Bass, Cole's early red, yellow, St. John, Fillotson, Hale and Amelia peaches. Red, June, Rhode and orange apples.

Col. JACK WALLACE, Ives grapes; Kirtland, Julian, Manning's, Elizabeth, Bartlett, Rostezia, Sterling, Dobbins, Bloodgood, Dearborn's Seedling, Clapp's Favorite, Flemish Beauty, Howell, Andres Despotes and Seckle pears. His peaches were Cole's Early, Crawford's Early, Stromans, Amelia, Canary, Hale, Early, Admirable and Through's Early. Marseilles and Brown's Turkey figs, Rhode's orange, Astracan and Early Pipin apples.

Mr. COLE, Red June apples, Golden Beauty crab, Tillotson, Admirable, Cole's Early Red, Amelia, Hale's, Yellow St. John, and Crawford peach, Yellow Siberian crab.

W. P. ROBINSON—Rhodes' Orange apple, yellow Horse, Julien, Mary Mayer, striped June apples, Beurre Gilard, Parsonage, Cripp's Favorite pears, Myrobien, Smith's Orleans, and orange plums Early Newington, Coohedge's Favorite, Early York, Tillotson, Sweetwater, Hale, Cranford, Chinese cling, Honey, Eliza Schmitz, Royal George, Amelia, Mignonne, peaches, White nectarines, Hartford prolific grape.

A. LAMBERT.—Hartford grapes, Bartlett and Ananas d'Ete pears, late Cranford Hale's Early, Early Red, Tillotson and Cranford peaches; crab apples—Russian crab, yellow Siberian.

CITY LOCALS.

The Decisions.

The pamphlet of the Supreme Court Decisions is now ready fer delivery Remember, the price to the regular subscribers of our paper is one dollar. and two dollars to those who are not subscribers.

GET a "Charlie Ross" segar.

LANDRETH'S FRESH TURNIP SEED. Messrs. Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, the wholesale druggists on Pryor street, have received their second stock of Landreth's turnip seed, crop of 1875, and offer them to dealers at very close figures. They have, also, in supply of the Forrester turnip seed, which are superior to any for a winter turnip. Dealers should get a supply.

If analysis is true, the Shelby is the purest and strongest lime in the world. Scipie & Sons, 44 Marietta street.

HARD to beat, "Charlie Ross" segar. Sold everywhere.

GRAND AUCTION SALE —Closing out sale of $50,000 worth Furniture. H. H. Briere, Auctioneer. 1 will sell, at my rooms 42 and 44 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga., on Thursday, July 22, at ten o'clock a. m., my immense stock of Furniture. Everybody knows it is the best selected stock in the State. Everybody that wants fine or common Furniture, at their own prices, will do well to attend. The sale is preremptory and the goods must positively be sold. Catalogues ready Tuesday, 20th. Everybody is invited to examine the stock. The ladies are especially invited to attend the sale. James L. Watkins.

IS IT FAIR, OR "DOING AS ONE WOULD BE DONE BY?"—To take the New York insurance commissioner's report on the business of 1871, and make comparisons to persons of the standing of life companies at that time? Some companies were then old, while others, like the Northwestern Mutual Life, had only begun to develop, and which has since astonished everybody with its unequaled results. For instance, to have its interest receipts pay not only its losses, but *all* of its *regular* working expenses, and to be able to offer 50 *per cent. extra insurance* for two years on each $1,000 paid for, with an almost entire certainty of its future dividends being more than sufficient to continue it. It is the present advantages offered, and future prospects, that those taking insurance want to know—*not those of years ago.* The facts in the comparison we lately published over our name, were from the New York insurance reports for 1875. *The pages were cited.* Parties will see the wisdom of referring to the *date* of reports shown them. Wm. H. White, State agent of the Northwestern.

CIDER MILLS AND PRESSES.—We have the best and cheapest Mills and Presses, (either for cider or wine) manufactured, at prices to suit the times. Also, "Lightning" Apple and Peach Parers, at J. Ben Wilson & Co.'s Seed Store and Agricultural Machinery Depot, Broad street.

BOOK-KEEPERS WANTED, and all all other classes of business men, to read the leviathan advertisement of Messrs. Jas. P. Harrison & Co., to be found elsewhere. They announce two facts which are facts *de facto*, because facts are stubborn, and invite an inspection by neat and tasty book-keepers, accountants and business men generally, of a handsome set of books recently gotten up by them for Block, the candy man. These books are massively bound, com *binding* durability with neatness, reflecting credit upon the designer, and in keeping with the uniform high standard of excellence with which Messrs. H. & Co., execute their work. The second fact points inviting to a "printed head ledger" for M. C. & J. F. Kiser, which will be found to possess all those essential qualities desired in a blank book by the experienced and tasty book-keeper. The third fact, though unexpressed, is plain that for BLANK BOOKS and EVERY CONCEIVABLE variety of PRINTING THE FRANKLIN "LEADS THE VAN."

☞Be careful to give their monster advertisement a close perusal.

WALLS plastered with Shelby lime will be white as snow. Scipie & Sons, 59 Decatur street.

M. RICH has removed his stock to 35 Whitehall street, and will continue his closing out sale for a short time only.

TURNIP SEEDS.—A genuine and fresh stock of all the varietes suited to this section of country, at wholesale and retail. Also, GEORGIA RAISED Seed Barley and Rye, at J. Ben. Wilson & Co.'s Seed Store and Agricultural Machinery Depot, Broad street.

ANALYSIS of Shelby lime, by Prof. Cassels, 98 65; by Prof Toumy 98.89. Scipie & Sons, 59 Decatur street.

THE Warwick collar is made like the Elmwood, with all the edges folded, so they will not turn out.

FINE FARM NEAR PALMETTO.—Attention is call to the advertisement, in another column, to one of the most desirable plantations in this section of the State. Parties in search of a good home would do well to examine this place.

THE Shelby Lime makes a beautiful white mortar or plaster, and takes a polish almost equal to plaster of Paris.

COAL.—The new coal yard of Messrs. Smith and Thomas, on Forsyth street, is receiving daily fresh supplies of superior lump and shop coal. Their yard is immediately on the railroad, which enables them to sell at low prices. Office at their yard, corner Forsyth and W. & A. railroad.

SHELBY lime makes nine bushels of slaked lime to the barrel, and will purify three times as much gas as any other. Scipie & Sons, 59 Decatur and 44 Marietta streets.

DR. HOLLAND, dentist, No. 50 North Broad street, will be in his office to-morrow (Monday) morning.

FINE FLOUR.—The Mountain City mills, of Rome, manufacture as fine flour as any in this country. Mr. W. T. Robinson is determined that there shall be none superior. If you want a fine article of flour, get that from the Mountain City mills.

BARBER SHOP.—Dougherty Hutchins, on Marietta street, has one of the best barber shops in the city. Cold and warm baths served on a moment's notice. Call on him and get shaved.

LOCAL AND BUSINESS NOTICE.

Grass Mattings at W. A. Haygood's Carpet store. july18—d1t

THE best way to keep cool is to smoke a "Ben Hill" segar, at five cents, and get shaved at the Parlor Barber Shop by one its white barbers.

BARGAIN COUNTER.

Messrs. Furchgott, Benedict & Co., have now a Special Counter, where very useful articles are offered at half their value.

july18—dtf

GREAT ATTRACTIONS TO BE OFFERED!

We shall offer on Monday, some great attractions in the shape of prices. We shall throw our entire stock of Embroideries on the counter, to be sold for what they will bring. Some of them a little soiled, and bargains can be had. Also,

50 pieces Linen Lawn at 17 cents.

87 pieces Lace Striped Pique at 20 cents.

93 pieces Lace Striped Lawn at 25 cents.

GRENADINES!

GRENADINES!

GRENADINES!

We hope to close our entire stock of these this month, and shall offer extra inducements in them.

10 pieces Black Silk at great bargains. Ladies expecting to buy Black Silks this fall, will save a big amount by buying them from us now, as we are anxious to close this stock out. We will guarantee a saving of 33 per cent. on the prices now and what they will be in the fall.

All goods reduced.

LOWE, DOUGLASS & DALLAS.

july 8—dsun&thur

GREAT Sacrifice in Silks, at Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s. july18-dtf

Lambrequin's, Shades and Lace Curtains at Haygood's Carpet store. july18—dlt

M. RICH is offering greater bargains than ever, as he is determined to close out the balance of his stock. He has removed temporarily to 35 Whitehall street three doors above his old stand. july18-dlt

50

THE COMPLAINT OF THE WHIP-POOR-WILL.

When other birds sit hushed and still,
Upon their nest with folded wings,
All night the wondering whip-poor-will
Her melancholy song sings.
Why whip poor Will?
Is he untrue?
Won't he fulfill
His vows to you?

Why wake us with thy pensive strain
When summer woos the flowers to bloom?
A garden seems the grove and plain,
The air is laden with perfume.
Why whip poor Will
When the flowers are here,
And odors fill
The atmosphere?

Why flit with song from grove to grove,
Thy lamp the glow-worm's gentle light?
Art thou a spirit doomed to rove
The realm of shadows through the night,
And from thy bill
To pour the strain
Of whip poor Will
O'er hill and plain?

Did he betray a maiden fair,
With many promises to wed,
And then desert her love, to share
Another maiden's love instead?
If her poor heart
Is bleeding still,
Then let him smart—
Whip, whip poor Will!

Proclaim thy sorrows far and near,
And wake false love's from their rest,
Make every truant husband hear
The message from thy mourning breast.
Thy strain should thrill
The world around;
Whip, whip poor Will,
Wherever found.

Summary of State News.

QUITMAN.—Quitman has a cabbage with four heads.—*Reporter.*

CATAULA.—Sixty-five toadfrogs were recently found in the railroad stock gap.—*Visitor.*

WAVERLY HALL.—Waverly Hall boasts a chicken with one wing.——A negro killed himself eating blackberries.—*Visitor.*

FLOWERY BRANCH.—Robinson & Co. and Thurman & Co. are shipping brick to Atlanta.——J. L. Pirkle is postmaster.—*Eagle.*

HAMILTON.—J. T. Johnson has been superintendent of the Baptist Sunday school seventeen years.——Dick Hopkins made 23 bushels of wheat per acre.—*Visitor.*

SAVANNAH.—Rev. Frank Quarles, colored, of Atlanta, were attending the Afro-Baptist Association.——A colored woman a case of sunstroke.—*News.*

CARNESVILLE.—A colored woman in the poor house is said to be 115 years old——W. W. Bell accidentally cut his big toe several weeks ago. It pained him so that it had to be amputated at the first joint and gangrene has set in.—*Eagle.*

COLUMBUS.—A negro named Jerry had a sun-stroke.—*Times.*

Columbus has one dog to every ten inhabitants. — 169 executions for city taxes have been issued.—*Enquirer.*

CARROLLTON.—The new Presbyterian church will be dedicated on the 18th H. B. Richards, of Conyers, loaned the money to build it. The dedication sermon will be preached by Rev. J. H. Martin. Hon. M. A Candler and Hon. L. F. Livingston delivers lectures to the Sunday school in the afternoon.—*Times.*

GAINESVILLE.—391 printers in the city.—*Herald.*

The post office sold during June $7,435 81 of money orders.——Mr. Sam. House's little son tied a rope around himself, a mule being at the other end, dragged the boy a hundred yards, bruising him considerably.—*Eagle.*

DAWSON.—At Terrell superior court, Sallie Causey was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to the penitentiary for six years; Mose Jackson was convicted of assault, with intent to rape, and sent to the penitentiary for twenty years; Dan Whittaker went up for five years for burglary in the night time.—*Journal.*

AUGUSTA.—Thomas Gallaher disappeared on the 14th. His mind is affected by the loss of his wife and children.—*Constitutionalist.*

The watermelon crop will be large.——The thermometer at 9 0, a. m., on the 15th, was 90.——A featherless fowl is one of Augusta's attractions.——The Georgia railroad paid out $56,000 of dividends to stockholders—about one third of the amount due.—*Chronicle.*

LAGRANGE.—J. H. Wilson has resigned as principal of the LaGrange high school to take charge of the male and female institute at Olmstead, Ky. Miss Mary Lou Holle goes as music teacher——The LaGrange banking and trust company has declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent.——James Foster killed Richard A. Tomme.——Malachi Gladney was stabbed by his tenant Knight, it is supposed fatally.—*Reporter.*

GREENVILLE.—W. Davis, near Lutherville has five hundred hills in one water melon patch.——Yesterday morning one of the wheels of a carriage containing an aged and venerable occupant broke down in front of our office. The old gentleman, Rev. Humphrey Gilmore, was born in Wilkes county in 1790, married July 4th, 1815, has been a local minister of the Methodist church for 47 years, and a resident of Talliposa county, Ala., for fifteen or twenty years. His wife was born in Green county in 1796, and has lived with her aged partner for sixty years. Mr. Gilmore says a better wife never lived and he never expects to have another her equal. Although 85 years of age the old gentleman is quite active and as full of humor as he was 75 years ago. He says he never owned a negro that could take the foremost row from him. The affectionate pair were on their way to visit a son, R. F. Gilmore, of Butts county Ga.—*Vindicator.*

DIED IN GEORGIA.

Mrs. C. M. Hanesberger, of Wilkes county, aged 47.
William Almonds, of Hamilton.
Wilkes Downs, of Franklin county.
Mrs. Judge Harper, of Zebulon.
A. A. Shepphard, of LaGrange.
A. R. Williams, of Hogansville.
Mrs. E. L. Wayne, of Savannah.
E. Swain, of Wilcox county aged 81.
Mrs. Francis Wynne, of Hawkinsville.
R. L. Rivers, of Dodge county.
Mrs. B. F. Boon, of Hawkinsville.
J. Price, of Floyd county, aged 65.

MARRIED IN GEORGIA.

James M. Dupree, of Montezuma to Miss Belle Byron, of Byrouville.
A. F. Berende, of Macon to Miss Lina Hettler.
Z. Z. Reed to Miss Mollie Simms, of Troup county.
James Gevis to Miss America Towns, of Albany.

BREVITIES.

—A new paper to be started in Philadelphia is to have a river column as well as an attractive death department.

—The Boston Post says there are only 11,000 lawyers in this country. The Detroit Free Press exclaims that it thought there were 1,500,000, with Texas to hear from.

—Only fancy, Mr. Bergh, when you look at that beautiful banner of silk given to your society, how many poor, little innocent worms were probably scalded to death to produce it.

Mrs. C. H. Nash, of Columbia, Maine, having been admitted to the bar, has gone into partnership with her husband in the law firm of Nash & Nash attorneys and counsellors.

—Bananas cut in slices and sugared are excellent with rich cream. French people eat all this sliced fruit with a syrup made of wine, water and sugar, a red wine of course.

—W. H. Crafts, of Albany, N. Y., walked three hundred miles in ninety-eight hours, last week, but they had to cowhide him and beat drums to keep him from going to sleep on the track. A nice amusement, that.

—Elias Baldwin, of San Francisco, has a new house in which the plate glass alone cost $35,000. The walls, to be in keeping, should have been built of silver bricks, while nothing short of a bonanza would serve for the foundations.

—A lady correspondent, who assumes to know how boys ought to be trained, writes to an exchange as follows: "Oh, mothers! hunt out the soft, tender, genial side of your boy's nature." Mothers often do—with an old shoe.

—This constant talk about the college regatta brings to mind John Hart's remark that twenty years ago you couldn't find a college student who knew the difference between a scow and a schooner, and now you can't find one that knows anything else.

—"I wasn't so very late—only a quarter of twelve." "How dare you sit there and tell me me that lie? I was awake when you came in, and looked at my watch—it was three o'clock." "Well, isn't three a quarter of twelve?"

—Lucy Hooper in a letter from Paris says: But it is rather humiliating experience to learn the fact (for fact it is, and an undeniable one too,) that the two prettiest of the stars of the Mabille this season are American women, both of them born and bred originally in respectability and decency.

—The oldest woman of Long Island is in her one hundred and seventh year. Her general health is very good, but her vision is somewhat impaired, owing probably to a weakness she has for snuff and whiskey. Her case should be a warning against the "weed" and the "worm." It is believed that if she does not reform she will die.

—A Long Branch item is to this effect: "Buffalo Bill sauntered through the corridors of the West End yesterday, his long hair, handsome face, and tall, straight form sending palpitation into the hearts of women. Their guess was that he was an aristocratic southerner, and all palpitation ceased instantly when they heard their mistake."

—Frozen peaches will be shipped to Europe this summer in large quantities. A successful experiment was made last year, and it was demonstrated that fruit kept frozen during the ocean voyage thawed out fresh and fine of flavor upon arrival in England, where it sold at enormous prices.

—John Morrissey said the other day in Saratoga: "That the library is a necessity for the rising generation and to keep people of culture among us. We can't live on horses and regattas alone. Every one of them nine muses must be taken by the hand and set on his or her or its feet. The age has to progress harmoniously."

—The foreigners in Japan have introduced cheap ice into the empire. What was but recently almost unattainable among the Japs, is now becoming common, and this benighted people promises to yield as much dyspepsia as any other. That sterling sheet, the Nisshin Shinjishi, mentions the opening of a large ice-house at Reiganjima, with 91 branch houses and 583 hawkers.

—The San Francisco Bulletin represents the effect of opium eating upon the Chinese in that city as worse than the popular estimate of it. The victim when deprived of the drug, is in a more pitiable condition than the drunkard with delirium tremens. His complexion becomes ghastly, and his stomach will not retain food. It is believed that nine tenths of the thieving done by Chinese is to get money for opium.

A Double Danger Averted.

The inhabitant of a malarious region is threatened by a double danger. He is not only compelled to *breathe* miasma, but to *swallow* it, since it infests not only the atmosphere, but the water. The aerial poison threatens his system through the lungs and pores, the liquid through the stomach. Against this double peril there is but one protection, and that is to invigorate the entire body through the digestive and secretive organs. Ordinary tonics usually fail to accomplish this—Hostetter's Stomach Bitters never. In the tropics, where the diseases originated by malaria are of a far more malignant type than those originated by the same cause in the temperate zone, it enjoys immense and constantly increasing sales, and there is no portion of this continent where it is not the reigning specific for miasmatic fevers and disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, proceeding from malaria and other causes.

july16—deod1w&w1t

MARKET REPORTS.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, July 17.—Cotton steady; sales 198 bales; uplands 15½; Orleans 15⅝. Futures opened steadier as follows: July nominally 14⅞; August 14 29-32; September 13⅝a13 21-32.

Flour quiet and dull. Wheat 1a2c lower. Corn a shade better. Pork quiet; mess $20 25. Lard steady; steam 13¾. Turpentine dull at 31½. Rosin quiet at $1 65a $1 75 for strained. Freights quiet.

Stocks dull and lower. Money 1½. Gold 114⅝. Exchange—long 9 47; short $4 90¾. Governments active and lower. State bonds quiet and lower.

LIVERPOOL, July 17, noon.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; middling uplands 7; middling Orleans 7⅛; sales 6,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation and export; sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below low middlings delivered in August or September 6⅞; cotton to arrive ⅛ dearer.

LIVERPOOL, July 17.—2:00 P. M.—Cotton sales on a basis of middling uplands nothing below good ordinary delivered in July or August 6⅞; do. nothing below low middlings delivered in August or September 6 15-16; do. delivered in September or October 7 1-16; also sales of the same at 7; sales on a basis of middling Orleans nothing below low middlings delivered in July 7; shipments of new crop on a basis of middlings, receipts nothing below low middlings 7 13-16; sales to-day include 3,600 bales American.

LONDON, July 17.—Erie 13⅛.

PARIS, July 17.—Rentes 64f 70c.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current

[CORRECTED DAILY.]
CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, Ga., July 17, 1875.

Atlanta Money Market.

GOLD—			
Buying	114	Selling	116
SILVER—			
Buying	106	Selling	111
EXCHANGE—			
Buying at	par	Selling	¼ prem
BONDS—			
Georgia 6s	85a88	Atlanta City 8s	82a84
Georgia 7s	95a98	Aug'sta City 8s	81a83
Ga. 7s gold	96a100	Georgia R. R.	90a92
Ga. 8s gold	100a103	A. & W. P. R. R.	98a100
Atlanta Water 7s	73a75	Savannah City	82a85
Atlanta City 7s	73a75		
STOCKS—			
Ga: R. R.	73a75	A. & W. P. R. R.	65a70
C. R. R.	50a53		

Atlanta Produce Market.

PORK—car load	7¾ gross.
BEEF CATTLE	2a5
EGGS	12½a13
BUTTER—	
Country	18a25
POULTRY—	
grown chickens	25a28
spring chickens	12½a20
Geese	none
Ducks	15a18
FEATHERS	50a60
BEESWAX	25a28
RAGS	2½a3
DRIED FRUIT—	
Peaches, unpeeled	5a6
Peaches peeled	none
Apples peeled	none
Apples unpeeled	5a6

Atlanta Grocery Market.

CORN—	
Prime white	$1 05a1 07
Yellow and Mixed	$1 03a1 05
MEAL	$1 03a1 05
GRITS	$6 25
WHEAT	$1 00a1 25
OATS	75
HAY—	
Timothy	$1 50a1 60
Clover	$1 25

Tennessee	$1 25a1 35
PEAS—	
Clay	$1 25a1 50
MOLASSES—	
Barrels	35
Tierces	33
Hhds	32
SYRUPS—	
New York	50a75
New Orleans	75a80
MACKEREL—	
No. 1 half bbls $7 50; kits	$1 75a$2
No. 2 half bbls $5a5 50; kits	$1 25a1 40
No. 3 bbls $9 50; ½ $4 50a4 75; kts	$1 15
COFFEE—	
Rio	23½a25
Java	30
SUGAR—	
A	11¼
White extra C	11¼
Yellow C	10a10¾
Demerara	10¼a10¾
New Orleans	9¾a10¼
FLOUR—	
Fancy	$7 25
Extra family	$6 50
Family	$6 00
Extra	$5 50
Superfine	$5 00
BACON—	
Clear sides	none
Clear rib sides	14
Shoulders	11
BULK MEATS—	
Clear sides	none
Clear rib sides	13
Long clear sides	12¾
Shoulders	9¾
LARD—	
Tierces	15¼a16
Kegs and cans	16¼a17½
Buckets	16¼a17½
HAMS—	
Sugar-cured hams	14½a14¾
Country	none

Tobacco.

CHEWING—	
Common, sound, 11-in new per lb.	55a60
Common, sound, 11-in old per lb.	57a65
Medium, 11-in old	65a85
Good 11-in old	68a75
Fine 11-in old	75a85
Bright navys	60a65
Bright quarters 12-in	60a65
Good	70a75
Fine	85a90
12-in, pouds, good	75a90
Stu'tz AAAA	$1 10
SMOKING—	
Durham, per pound	65
Cavendish	$1 25

Wines and Liquors.

CORN WHISKY—	
Proof, 100 per cent	$1 45a1 90
80 per ct	$1 20

Dry Goods.

TICKING	8a33
STRIPES	9a14
OSNABURGS	10a15
CAMBRICS	6¼a8½
PRINTS	6¼a8½
BROWN SHEETINGS	8½a10½
SHIRTINGS	6¼a8½
Bleached sheetings and shirtings	8½14½

Miscellaneous.

LIME—35a40; hydraulic $1 50.	
NAILS—	
12d, 10d	$3 75
LEATHER—	
Sole, hemlock, good damaged	$26a28
Good	29a33
White oak	40a50
Black upper	40a53
YARN—$1 20.	

RAILROADS.

Atlanta & West Point R. R.
TIME TABLES.

T take effect SUNDAY, JUNE 6th, 1875, at 10:25 p. m.

Passenger Train—Outward.

STATIONS.	ARRIVE.	LEAVE.
Atlanta		10 25 p m
East Point	10 45 p m	10 45 p m
Red Oak	11 01 p m	11 06 p m
Fairburn	11 34 p m	11 35 p m
Palmetto	11 41 p m	11 42 p m
Powell's	12 05 a m	12 05 a m
Newnan	12 20 a m	12 21 a m
Pucket's	12 36 a m	12 41 a m
Grantville	12 56 a m	12 57 a m
Hogansville	1 17 a m	1 18 a m
Whitfield's	1 44 a m	1 44 a m
LaGrange	2 04 a m	2 05 a m
Long Cane	2 31 a m	2 31 a m
West Point	3 50 a m	

Passenger Train—Inward.

West Point		12 00 m
Long Cane	12 16 p m	12 16 p m
LaGrange	12 42 p m	12 43 p m
Whitfield	1 01 p m	1 01 p m
Hogansville	1 32 p m	1 33 p m
Grantville	1 38 p m	1 39 p m
Pucket's	1 54 p m	1 54 p m
Newnan	2 12 p m	2 13 p m
Powell's	2 28 p m	2 28 p m
Palmetto	2 50 p m	2 51 p m
Fairburn	3 06 p m	3 06 p m
Red Oak (meet outward mixed train)	3 22 p m	3 27 p m
East Point	3 42 p m	3 42 p m
Atlanta	4 00 p m	

Mixed Train—Outward.

Atlanta		2 30 p m
East Point	2 55 p m	2 55 p m
Red Oak (meet inward Pass. Train)	3 15 p m	3 23 p m
Fairburn	3 47 p m	3 52 p m
Palmetto	4 12 p m	4 17 p m
Powell's	4 42 p m	4 47 p m
Newnan	5 05 p m	5 10 p m
Pucket's	5 28 p m	5 33 p m
Grantville	5 51 p m	5 56 p m
Hogansville (supper)	6 17 p m	6 37 p m
Whitfield's	7 12 p m	7 12 p m
LaGrange	7 36 p m	7 46 p m
Long Cane	8 21 p m	8 21 p m
West Point	8 45 p m	

Mixed Train—Inward.

West Point		2 55 a m
Long Cane	3 25 a m	3 25 a m
LaGrange	4 05 a m	4 10 a m
Whitfield's	4 40 a m	4 40 a m
Hogansville	5 15 a m	5 20 a m
Grantville	5 42 a m	5 47 a m
Pucket's	6 05 a m	6 10 a m
Newnan	6 28 a m	6 33 a m
Powell's	6 51 a m	6 56 a m
Palmetto	7 21 a m	7 26 a m
Fairburn (breakfast)	7 48 a m	8 11 a m
Red Oak	8 35 a m	8 40 a m
East Point	9 00 a m	9 00 a m
Atlanta	9 25 a m	

L. P. GRANT, Superintendent.

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line RAILWAY

Commencing Sunday

MAY 30th, 1875.

PASSENGER TRAIN EASTWARD.
(DAILY.)

Leave Atlanta	4 10 p m
Leave New Holland	6 50 p m
Leave Mt. Airy	8 16 p m
Leave Toccoa	9 00 p m
Leave Seneca City	10 21 p m
Leave Greenville	12 12 a m
Leave Spartanburg	1 44 a m
Arrive Charlotte	5 30 a m

PASSENGER TRAIN WESTWARD,
(DAILY.)

Leave Charlotte	8 00 p m
Leave Spartanburg	11 54 p m
Leave Greenville	1 28 a m
Leave Seneca City	3 09 a m
Leave Toccoa	4 34 a m
Leave Mt. Airy	5 15 a m
Leave New Holland	6 25 a m
Arrive Atlanta	9 30 p m

ACCOMMODATION,
(DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS,)

Leave Atlanta	6 30 a m
Arrive Atlanta	6 10 p m

Passenger trains Eastward connect at Charlotte with R. and D. trains, arriving at Richmond at 8:40 p. m., making close connections for all Eastern cities; also, with trains of C and O. Railroad for Virginia Springs, thereby avoiding midnight transfer at Charlottesville.

Passenger trains Eastward connect at Charlotte with trains of Carolina Central Railroad for Wilmington and with trains of Western Division of C. C. Railway for Lincolnton, &c.; also with trains of Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad.

Passenger trains Westward run in direct connection from 3 p m., train out of New York, making time from

New York to Atlanta
ONLY 42 1-2 HOURS.

EXCURSION TICKETS TO VIRGINIA SPRINGS and other summer resorts on sale at principal coupon offices in South and Southwest.

Fare as Low and Time as Quick

To Eastern Cities or Virginia Springs as by any other Route of Atlanta.

JOHN B. PECK,
may20—dtf Master Transportation.

FIVE GROSS
VACUUM OIL BLACKING.

AN indispensable article for Harness and Buggy tops, etc.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
july11—dtf Wholesale Druggists.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Georgia Railroad.
Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	8 00 a m
Leaves Atlanta	7 00 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	4 00 p m
Arrives at Augusta	3 30 p m

Night Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	8 15 p m
Leaves Atlanta	10 30 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	6 25 a m
Arrives at Augusta	7 40 a m

Covington Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00 p m
Leaves Covington	5 50 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	8 15 a m
Arrives at Covington	7 30 p m

Western & Atlantic Railroad
AND ITS CONNECTIONS.

"KENNESAW ROUTE."

The following Schedule takes effect June 5th, 1875.

NORTHWARD.	No. 1.
Leave Atlanta	4 10 p m
Arrive Cartersville	6 14 p m
Arrive Kingston	6 42 p m
Arrive Dalton	8 24 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	10 25 p m
	No. 3.
Leave Atlanta	7 00 a m
Arrive Cartersville	9 22 a m
Arrive Kingston	9 56 a m
Arrive Dalton	11 54 a m
Arrive Chattanooga	1 56 p m
	No. 11.
Leave Atlanta	5 55 p m
Arrive Cartersville	8 41 p m
Arrive Kingston	9 17 p m
Arrive Dalton	11 35 p m
SOUTHWARD.	No. 2.
Leave Chattanooga	4 00 p m
Arrive Dalton	5 41 p m
Arrive Kingston	7 38 p m
Arrive Cartersville	8 12 p m
Arrive Atlanta	10 15 p m
	No. 4.
Leave Chattanooga	5 00 a m
Arrive Dalton	7 01 a m
Arrive Kingston	9 07 a m
Arrive Cartersville	9 43 a m
Arrive Atlanta	12 06 n'n
	No. 12.
Arrive Dalton	1 00 a m
Arrive Kingston	4 19 a m
Arrive Cartersville	5 18 a m
Arrive Atlanta	9 30 a m

Pullman Palace Cars run on Nos. 1 and 2, between New Orleans and Baltimore.

Pullman Palace Cars run on Nos. 1 and 4, between New Orleans and Baltimore.

Pullman Palace Cars run on Nos. 1 and 2, between Atlanta and Nashville.

Pullman Palace Cars run on Nos. 3 and 2, between Louisville and Atlanta.

☞No change of cars between New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Atlanta and Baltimore, and only one change to New York.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 4 10 p. m., arrive in New York the second afternoon thereafter at 4 15 p. m.

Excursion Tickets to the Virginia Springs and various Summer Resorts will be on sale in New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, Macon, Savannah, Augusta and Atlanta, at greatly reduced rates 1st June.

Parties desiring a whole car through to the Virginia Springs or to Baltimore, should address the undersigned.

Parties contemplating traveling should send for a copy of KENNESAW ROUTE GAZETTE, containing schedules, etc.

☞Ask for Tickets via "Kennesaw Route."

B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent,
june4—dtf Atlanta, Ga.

BOARDING HOUSES.

WOODS HOUSE,
RINGGOLD, GEORGIA.
House neat and clean. Ringgold is noted for its fine society, good water and health. The Catoosa Springs, with its various mineral springs, within four miles, nice drive, good livery accommodations, beautiful mountain scenery. Inducements offered to families. W. A. WOODS.
may15—dtf

THE "VIRGINIA HOUSE,"
NEWNAN, GEORGIA,
Will be conducted, in future, a select boarding house. Prof. Wm. Wells will still attend to the wants of boarders or guests.
E. C. YANCEY.

BARTOW HOUSE,
CARTERSVILLE, GEORGIA.
Mrs. E. M. Stovall has rented the Bartow House, and solicits a liberal share of patronage from the traveling public.

TRAVELERS,
And those desiring Good Board, can be accommodated by stopping at MRS. C. S. DORSEY'S BOARDING HOUSE, Broad street, ATHENS, GEORGIA. [apr4—dtf

HACKS.

GAINESVILLE AND DAHLONEGA HACK LINE. Leaves Gainesville immediately on the arrival of the up passenger train, every day, and arrives at Dahlonega at 6 o'clock P. M.

Leaves Dahlonega every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train.

Good Hacks and careful drivers will always be found at Dahlonega to convey passengers to Porter's Springs or other points, upon reasonable terms aug31—dtf

HOTELS.

READ HOUSE,
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE,
If you desire first-class accommodations be sure to stop at this House.
W. M. LEWIS,
W. G. GANT, } Clerks.
june28—dtf

THE LANIER HOUSE, Macon, Georgia, B. Dub, Proprietor. Good accommodations. june5—dtf

BARTOW HOUSE, Cartersville, Ga. P. S. Shelman, Clerk. dec4-dtf

B. F. COLLINS, PROPRIETOR OF the *DAWSON HOTEL*, Dawson, Georgia, thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The traveling public will find this establishment, under the present management, a first-class hotel. dec6—dtf

PULASKI HOUSE, Johnson Square, Savannah, Ga., S. N. Papot & Co., Proprietors. Pleasantly located. The only hotel in the city facing south, (which is of great importance in this climate,) with a frontage of 273 feet. The best and most comfortable hotel in the Southern States. Kept strictly first-class in all its departments.
july5—dtf

STOP AT
McCOMBS' HOTEL,
MILLEDGEVILLE, GA.
☞Free Hack meets all trains.
C. G. WILSON,
apr4—dtf Proprietor.

VAN HORN HOUSE,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
M. D. VAN HORN.....Proprietor.
The new Hotel just to the right of Passenger Depot. Elegantly furnished Rooms. Tables unsurpassed. Terms moderate. june10—d6m

NELMS HOUSE,
GRIFFIN, GEORGIA,
BY MRS. A. M. NELMS.
Near Passenger Depot. Rates of Board per day, $3 50; Single Meal, 75 cents. [dec11-tf

PALMETTO HOUSE, Spartanburg C. H., S. C. Located near center of the city. Renovated and new furniture.
A. TOLERSON, Proprietor.

NORCROSS HOTEL.
SUPPER HOUSE.
BY MR. AND MRS. J. G. TRAMMELL.

Board, per day	$2 00
Board, per month	$25 to $30 00
Single meals	75 cents

jan1—dtf

PALMER HOUSE,
258 Broad street, 3d door above Globe Hotel,
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.
Good board $2 00 per day, 50 cents a meal.
MRS. S. J. PALMER.
H. D. STANLEY, Clerk. july10-dtf

NEW BRICK HOTEL.
PYE HOUSE,
FORSYTH, GEORGIA.
By E. D. BROWN AND SISTER.
RATES OF BOARD:

Per day	$2 00
Per week	10 00
Single meal	50
Single lodging	50

Rooms spacious and airy. Accommodations superior. Baggage transported to and from hotel free of charge. E. D. BROWN,
Formerly of Milledgeville Hotel,
Mrs. JULIA D. THWEATT,
sep18—dtf Late of Columbus, Ga

RICKS HOUSE,
CARTERSVILLE, GEORGIA.
House new, clean and neat. Cartersville is noted for its fine society, good water, and for *health*. Rowland Springs—various mineral waters—situated within five miles, a nice drive, scenery unsurpassed. Inducements offered to families for the summer.
apr24—dtf E. T. WHITE, Agent.

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Coffee and Drug Mills, Letter Presses, &c.

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FAIRBANKS & CO., 93 Main street, Buffalo, New York.
FAIRBANKS & CO., 328, Broadway, Albany, New York.
FAIRBANKS & CO., 403 St. Paul's street, Montreal.
FAIRBANKS & CO., 34 King William St., London, Eng.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO., 2 Milk St., Boston, Mass.
FAIRBANKS & EWING, Masonic Hall, Philadelphia, Pa.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO. 111 Lake street, Chicago.
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FAIRBANKS & HUTCHINSON, San Francisco, California.
For sale by leading Hardware Dealers.
july7—deod&w3mo

BOOTS & SHOES.

I. T. BANKS

HAS REDUCED

Has former price of Boots, Shoes and Leather to such low figures that no matter how hard the times or scarce the money,

HIS PRICES

are within the reach of all. For Ladies and Misses Laced, Button, and Congress Boots, his styles, are of the latest and most elaborate designs. In selecting children's shoes he has bought many colors, and labored

TO SUIT

the head, the foot, and the pocket of all classes. Mechanics will find his shoes for them are adapted to

THE TIMES,

neat, cheap and serviceable. Fine assortment of Young Gents' Summer Shoes, in low cut, strap hand, and machine sewed, Prince Albert's, with extension box toe. He invites attention to the following special inducements, which he extends to the 1st of September next:

Men's calf pegged Boots from $3 to $3 50, former price $4 and $5.

Women's calf and buff pegged bals. from $1 to $1 50, former price $1 50 to $2.

Children's from 35 cents up.

Women's serge Congress and Gaiters 75 cents per pair at retail. Cheaper by the dozen.

Leven calf skins, 10 & 11 kits at $4, former price $4 50.

Leven calf skins, 9 and 10 kits, at $3 50, former price $4.

Best American calf skins at $3, former price $4.

Best Howard Oak, per lb, 44 cents, former price 48 cents.

Best Baltimore Harness Leather, per lb., 40 cents, former price 45 cents.

Good Baltimore Harness Leather, per lb, 35 cents, former price 40 cents.

HEMLOCK SOLE LEATHER, BY THE ROLL, CHEAPER THAN ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY. Shoe and Harness makers would act wisely to supply themselves at these low summer prices. Orders solicited, and filled at the lowest cash figures. I. T. BANKS,
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Marriage Guide.

A Private Counselor to the Married, or those about to marry, on the physiological mysteries and revelations of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in the science of reproduction, preserving the complexion, &c.

This is an interesting work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married or contemplate marriage; still it is a book that ought to be kept under lock and key, and not left carelessly about the house.

It contains the experience and advice of a physician whose reputation is world-wide, and should be in the private drawer of every male and female throughout the entire globe. It embraces everything on the subject of the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work.

Sent to any one (free of postage) for Fifty Cents.
Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

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Before applying to the numerous quacks who advertise in public papers, or using any remedies, peruse Dr. Butts' work, no matter what your disease is or how deplorable your condition.

Dr. Butts occupies a double house of twenty-seven rooms; is indorsed by some of the most celebrated medical professors of this country and Europe, and can be consulted personally or by mail, on the diseases mentioned in his Private Office and parlors, No. 12 N. Eighth street, between Market and Chestnut, St. Louis, Mo.

DR. C. A. BOHANNAN

Cures all Private Diseases without the use of mercury. Charges reasonable. Guarantees to cure all forms of "Spermatorrhea," or "Seminal Weakness" in from 2 to 7 weeks time. Office No. 619 North Fifth Street, bet. Washington ave. & Green, St. Louis, Mo. Established in St. Louis in 1857.

☞Dr. B.'s "Treatise on Special Diseases" which fully explains the nature, causes, symptoms, etc., of "Spermatorrhea," or "Seminal Weakness" Syphilis and valuable information on other delicate subjects, sent FREE in sealed Envelope.

Receiver's Sale.

BY virtue of an order passed by Hon. N. B. Knight, Judge of the Blue Ridge Circuit, the case of the Bartow Iron Co., et al., vs. The Scofield Rolling Mill Co., et al. Equity, in Fulton Superior Court, I will offer for sale, at the Store House of the Scofield Rolling Mill Company, on Marietta street, in the city of Atlanta, to the highest bidder for cash, the stock of goods in said Store House, consisting of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Groceries, Tinware, etc., belonging to said Scofield Rolling Mill Co. Also, the Merchant Bar Iron belonging to said Scofield Rolling Mill Co., at said Mill. Said sale is made for the purpose of paying laborers liens due and unpaid, as they appear upon the books of said company. Sale to commence on Saturday, July 17th instant, at 10 o'clock, a. m., and to continue until a sufficient amount is raised to pay said liens.

WILLIAM GOODNOW,
Atlanta, July 13, 1875. Receiver.
july13—d5t

Portland Cement.

ALSO, Roman, Keene's and Parian, for walks, cisterns, foundations, stables, cellars, bridges, reservoirs, &c. Remit six cents postage for practical treatise on cements. S. L. MERCHANT & CO.,
76 South St., New York. [july13-deod3m

Patent Medicines,
ALL KINDS,
STANDARD OR HUMBUG

FOR SALE TO THE TRADE, AT VERY close figures.

☞WE RETAIL NO GOODS.☜

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
Wholesale Druggists,
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july11—dtf

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.
BANKERS,
Nos. 9 & 11 Nassau St., New York,
Issue CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS OF CREDIT for TRAVELERS IN EUROPE AND THE EAST, available in all the principal cities; also, for use in the United States, West Indies, &c. TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS to LONDON, PARIS, CALIFORNIA, HAVANA, MEXICO, CHINA, JAPAN, &c.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers and others received. jan8—deodly

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BOOK AGENTS wanted to sell "Theple's 20th Century Common Sense Medical Advertiser." It is the cheapest book ever published; 885 pages, over 250 illustrations, $1.50. Thousands buy it at sight who could not be induced to purchase the high-priced books treating of Domestic Machine. Unlike other books sold through agents this work is thoroughly advertised throughout North America. This fact, together with the large size, elegant appearance, and many new features of the book, causes it to sell more rapidly than any work ever published in this country. Those of my agents who have had experience in selling books, say that in all their previous canvassing they never